## Тетяна Пахомова

## Anmil $0.0 B a$


(1-й рік навчання)

Підручник для 5 класу закладів загальної середньої освіти ( з аудіосупроводом)

Tetiana Pakhomova


Y ear 1
A textbook for the fifth form of secondary schools
( with audio)

Рекомендовано Міністерством освіти і науки України

Київ
«Методика Паблішинг»

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ЗВЕРНИ УВАГУ!
Завдання практичної частини виконуй у робочому зошиті
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## Пахомова Т.Г.

Англійська мова (1-й рік навчання), : підруч. для 5 класу закладів загальної середньої освіти (з аудіосупроводом)/ Т. Г. Пахомова, - К. : Методика Паблішинг, 2022-152 с., іл.

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## Умовні позначення

| Let's talk | Давайте поспілкуємося |
| :---: | :---: |
| Let's listen | Давайте послухаємо |
| For my folder | Для мого учнівського досьє |
| - | Треки аудіосупроводу |
| * | Вправи підвищеної складності |
| 88 | Робота в парах |
| 8 | Робота в групах |
|  | Для додаткового опрацювання |
|  | Підказка в словнику |
|  | Підказка в граматичному довіднику |

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ABC Pictures


1 The letter V is for volleyball. The letter R is for...
Скажіть за зразком.

2 Point to each capital letter as your teacher asks you and sound it.
Вкажіть велику літеру, яку називає вчитель/вчителька, і озвучтеїї.

$$
\begin{array}{ccccccccccccc}
A & B & C & D & E & F & G & H & I & J & K & L & M \\
N & O & P & Q & R & S & T & U & V & W & X & Y & Z
\end{array}
$$

3 Point to each small letter as your teacher asks you and sound it.
Вкажіть маленьку літеру, яку називає вчитель / вчителька, і озвучтеїї.

4 Name the missing capital letters.
Назвіть пропущені великі літери.


5 Name the missing small letters. Назвіть пропущені маленькі літери.


6 Name the missing capital and small letters.
Назвіть пропущені великі і маленькі літери.


7 Name each capital letter to its partner letter.
Назвіть маленькі літери, які відповідають заданим великим.

| C | d | A | x | I | j | B | k | N | n |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| O | q | E | y | L | i | R | h | U | v |
| D | c | F | e | J | t | H | p | M | u |
| Q | g | X | f | S | l | K | b | W | w |
| G | o | Y | a | T | s | P | r | V | m |

## DIALOGUES

Look at the ABC pictures and show your partner the picture you like and say:

Dialogue 1
Student 1: Look, it's a cat.
Student 2: Wow!

Dialogue 2
Student 1: I see a zebra.
Student 2: Me, too.

8 Practice in pairs. Take turns to read lines 1-6.
Працюємо в парах. Прочитайте по черзі вказані рядки.

1. b-v-c-d-p-t-c-e-d-t-b-c-d-g-p-t-g-c
2. f-l-m-n-s-x-z-f-m-x-s-x-z-l-f
3. $a-h-j-k-a-j-k-a-h-k-a-j$
4. i-y-o-q-u-w-r-i-y-q-u-w-r-i
5. a-e-i-o-u-y-e-o-i-a-o-e-i-y-e
6. a-b-f-i-o-q-r-e-b-l-i-y-q-r-t-h-u

9 Learn reading rules together with your teacher.
Опануйте разом з учителем / учителькою правила читання.

|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a | [er] name | [æ] man | [a:] car | [๕ə] fare |
| 0 | [əu] rose | [0] dog | [0:] sport | [0:] before |
| u | [ju:] student | [^] bus | [ə:] turn | [up] sure |
| e | [i:] me | [e] bell | [2:] her | [ı] here |
| i(y) | [ar] five | [r] $\begin{array}{ll}\text { kid } \\ \text { myth }\end{array}$ | [ə:] first | [aıə ${\underset{\text { tyred }}{\text { tyred }}}^{\text {ty }}$ |



$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { oi (oy) } {[\text { II] }} \\
& \text { ooin, boy } \\
& \text { oo } \text { [u:] } \\
& \text { school } \\
& \text { ou (ow) } \text { [au] } \\
& \text { old } \text { lous] cold }
\end{aligned}
$$

## 10 Try to read with your teacher.

Прочитайте разом з учителем / учителькою правила читання.
dig big pig bill hill pill
lid rid lad six fix mix
boss box fox rock rack sock
mail mad made
fire five fix
sail suit sit bug big dug rip ripe rope toad tote toast
sit set seat jet jeep jeer
lack lock luck cut cat cup
mail mill nail lips lisp pills same sane sun cub cube cute dome home dime ride road rod key keg kit
quit quite queen beans beads beets
pin pan pat wag wig win bad bid bib pin pan nap top tip tap hull bill hill dog dig dug lag log lug rack rake sake top tap tape bite bake bike tie tied lied cup cap sup mute mule mud rude rug rule mug gum gun bore bowl bone nose not note beak bet beat

| sh | $[[]$ | short |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| th | $[\theta],[\mathrm{d}]$ | three, this |
| ph | $[\mathrm{f}]$ | photo |
| ch | $[\mathrm{t}]$ | child |
| ck | $[\mathrm{k}]$ | clock |
| nk | $[\mathrm{gk}]$ | thank |
| ng | $[\mathrm{n}]$ | spring |
| kn | $[\mathrm{n}]$ | knife |
| qu | $[\mathrm{kw}]$ | queen |
| wh | $[\mathrm{w}]$ | what |


| oi (oy) | $[$ or] | coin, boy |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| oo | [u:] | school |
| ou (ow) | [au] | mouse, town |
| old | [ou] | cold |

Time for Greenwich


D1, © 2 A song: Let's get started!
3-4
a) Listen. Прослухайте пісню.
b) Sing the chorus: Заспівайте пісню разом. Let's get started! We're on our way. We're learning English! Let's go! Hooray!

## Unit 1 Thomas Tallis School

0,5 © Hello! I'm Tom.


1 Let's talk: Hello. ( $\rightarrow$ p. $4 /$ /ex.1)

Hello. / Hi!
My name is ... .
I'm ten. / ... .
I'm a ... at ... .
I'm from ....
I'm in Year Five.

Hello. My name is Tom. I'm a mouse. I'm one.
I'm from Thomas Tallis.



8982 Let's talk: What's your name? ( $\rightarrow$ p. 4/ex. 2)


I'm from London.

A: What's your name?
B: My name is $\qquad$
A: Where are you from?

B: I'm from ... .
A: How old are you?
B: I'm ... .
${ }_{6-7}^{\mathrm{D} 1 .} 3$ Let's listen: Phone numbers $(\rightarrow$ p. 4/ex. 3)
a) Listen and write the numbers.

Прослухайте цифри і запишіть їх.
b) Listen and write the phone numbers.

Прослухайте телефонні номери і запишіть їх.
Lisa: ...............

My mobile number is 07740915462.

\& c) Say your phone or mobile number in English.
Назвіть свій домашній або мобільний номер телефону англійською мовою.
4 For my folder: Let's make a poster.
a) Для твого фолдера.
b) Підготуйте постер про себе.

My name is ... .
I'm ... .
I'm from ... .
I'm in Year Five.
My number is .

My name is Taras.
I'm ten.
I'm from Kharkiv. I'm in Year Five. My number is 0341 ...

My name is Julia.
I'm eleven. I'm from Sumy. I'm in Year Five. My number is 030 ...

D1, 8

© You and your sport! $\mapsto_{\square}^{-0.56 \times 4)}$


Прослухайте і скажіть, хто говорить: Емма, Террі, Ліза чи місіс Картер.
Example:1. It's Emma. 2. It's ... . Go on, please.

## 2 Thomas Tallis School ( $\rightarrow$ p.6/ex.7)

a) Make sentences.

Example:Thomas Tallis is a big school.
b) Match the $\square$ and $\square$ sentences.

Example:Thomas Tallis is a big school.
It's in Greenwich.
Thomas Tallis is a big school. It's in Greenwich.

| Thomas Tallis |  | new in <br> Greenwich. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Terry |  |  |
| Emma |  |  |
| Mrs Carter | + is | a teacher. <br> a big school. <br> in Year Seven. |

It's in Greenwich. • She's from Bristol. • She's nice. • He's OK. - He's twelve.

## 283

3 A quiz: What's my name? $(\rightarrow$ p. 5/ex. 5 ; p. $6 / \mathrm{ex.7}$ )
Example: A: I'm new at Thomas Tallis.
B: Your name is Emma.
A: No. My favourite sport is football.
B: Your name is Lisa.
A: Yes. That's right!


4 Let's talk: This is Nina $(\rightarrow$ p. 5/ex. 6 ; p. $6 / \mathrm{ex.7}$ )
Example:1. A: This is Nina. She's eleven. She's from Stuttgart.

- I'm

B: Hello, Nina. I'm ... . I'm ten/eleven/... . I'm from he's
2. C: This is Mehmet. He's ... . He's ... .

A: Hi, Mehmet. Go on, please.


Nina, 11, Stuttgart


Nadine, 10, Paris


5 For my folder: At my new school Write about your new school $(\rightarrow$ p.6/ex.7)

This is ... School. It's my new school. It's in .. This is ... . She's/He's my teacher.

## The school bag

$\mathrm{D} 1,10 \odot 1$ Let's listen: In the bag $(\rightarrow$ p. 6/ex. 8 )
a) Copy the grid into your exercise book.
Listen for the words and fill in your grid.
b) What's in the bag here?
A pencil, a ruler ... . Go on, please.

| In the bag | Lisa | Emma | Terry |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a pencil case | $\times$ |  |  |
| a pen | X |  |  |
| a pencil | X |  |  |
| a rubber |  |  |  |
| a ruler |  |  |  |
| a book |  |  |  |
| an exercise book |  |  |  |
| a sandwich |  |  |  |
| an apple |  |  | ok |
| a mobile |  |  | apple |

c) Look at your grid.


What's the name on the bag in the picture?

> Emma Brook
Terry Jackson

Lisa Taylor
2 ' $A^{\prime}$ or 'an'?

1. Here's ... exercise book.
2. Mmm, ... apple.
3. And here's ... pencil case.
4. This is ... English book.

D1,11 $\ominus^{\circ} 3$ Let's listen: Numbers $(\rightarrow$ p. 6/ex. 9$)$
a) Listen and say the numbers.
b) A: What's 7 and 17 ?

B: It's 24 . What's ... and ... ?
A: ...
c) Play buzz! Say 'buzz!' for all numbers with seven.

One, two, three, four, five, six, buzz!, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, buzz!, fifteen, sixteen, buzz!, ...
5. Here's ... shoe.
6. And that's ... old ruler.

13 thirteen
14 fourteen
15 fifteen
16 sixteen
17 seventeen
18 eighteen
19 nineteen
20 twenty
21 twenty-one
22 twenty-two

23 twenty-three
24 twenty-four
30 thirty
40 forty
50 fifty
60 sixty
70 seventy
80 eighty
90 ninety
100 a/one hundred

## 4 Two pictures

Picture 1: one pen ...


Picture 2: four pens ... Go on, please.


D1, 12 © 5 Sounds


1. bag - bags:

The bags are big. pen - pens:
My pens are new
2.book - books:

My books are in my bag. sport - sports: You and your sports!

## IZZZZZZZZZ

6 Let's talk: What's in your bag?
Example: Two sandwiches, one rubber, ... Go on, please.
$>$ one pen, four pens one sandwich, two sandwiches
$\rightarrow$ G3

D1, 13 © 7 Let's listen: Alphabet rap ( $\rightarrow$ p.7/ex. 10)
A (clap) B (clap) C D E Here's a rap for Thomas $T$.
F (clap) G (clap) HIJ English lessons are OK.
K (clap) L (clap) MNO Are you new here? Hi, hello.
P (clap) Q (clap) R S T
Say the numbers one, two, three.
U V W - shout and clap.
$X Y Z\left(c \mid a_{p}\right)$ - do the rap.

8 Words and numbers
a) What's your favourite number?
b) Read and spell the numbers.

Go on, please.
ninety
four


Be) Make puzzles for your partner.
89 A: Here are the letters:
What's the number?
B: It's 'fifteen'.

$\mathrm{D} 1,14{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{Sam}_{\leftrightarrow \mathrm{p} .7 \text { ex. } 11)}(\rightarrow$ Stories p .112$)$
Emma: Are we in the right classroom, Lisa? Lisa: Yes, we are.
Emma: Mrs Carter isn't here. Are you sure? Lisa: Yes, I am. Look, here's Terry.
Terry: Hi! Where's Sam? Is he here, too?
Lisa: No, he isn't.
Emma: Who's Sam? Is he a friend from your old school?
Lisa: Yes, he is. And he's always late!


## 1 Right or wrong?

Example: Sam is always late. - That's right.

Sam is
Sam and Terry are

1. Lisa and Terry are in the right classroom.
2. Emma is from Greenwich.
3. Sam and Terry are old friends.
4. Mrs Carter is the teacher.
5. Lisa, Emma and Terry are at Thomas Tallis.

## 2 People at Thomas Tallis $(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .7 / \mathrm{ex} .12)$

Fill in: I, you, he, she, it, we, you, they.
Example: I'm Lisa. I'm from Greenwich. Go on, please.

1. That's Mrs Carter. ...'s my teacher.
2. Here's Terry. ...'s from my old school.
3. ...'s the right classroom. ...'m sure.
4. ...'re lucky. Terry and you are friends.
5. Emma and Lisa, ...'re in my class.
6. Here are Sam and Terry. ...'re my friends.
7. Hello, Mrs Carter. Sorry ...'m late.

3 Long forms $(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .8 / \mathrm{ex} .13)$
Write the long forms.
Example: I'm ten. - I am ten.

1. You're my new friends.
2. She's eleven.
3. They're new here.
4. You're at Thomas Tallis.
5. He's from Greenwich.
6. I'm in your class.
7. We're friends.
8. It's a big school.
you're $\rightarrow$ you are she's $\rightarrow$ she is we're $\rightarrow$ we are they're $\rightarrow$ they are
$\rightarrow$ G2

## 4 That isn't right. $(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .8 / \mathrm{ex} .14)$

Look at the pictures and make sentences.
Example: Sam isn't here. He is in London.

1. The pupils ... here. They ... late.
2. I ... from Greenwich. I ... from Bristol.
3. It ... a football. It ... a shoe.
4. Emma and I ... twelve. We ... eleven.
5. I ... a pupil. I ... a mouse.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { I'm not } & \text { I am } \\
\text { you aren't } & \text { you are } \\
\text { he isn't } & \text { he is } \\
\text { she isn't } & \text { she is } \\
\text { it isn't } & \text { it is } \\
\text { we aren't } & \text { we are } \\
\text { they aren't } & \text { they are }
\end{array}
$$

5


5 Make questions and answers. $(\rightarrow$ p. 8/ex. $15 ; \mathrm{p} .9 / \mathrm{ex} .16)$ Example: Is Sam ten? No, he isn't.

Is Emma ...?

- Yes, she is.
- No, she isn't.



## 896 Let's talk: At my school $(\rightarrow$ p.9/ex. 17)

Example: the girls and boys $\cdot \mathrm{OK} \rightarrow$ Are the boys and girls OK ? $\rightarrow-$ Yes, they are.
$\geqslant-$ No, they aren't.

1. your friends ofrom your old school?
2. your teachers • from London?
3. the classrooms •big?
4. the caretakers at your school • OK?
5. the pupils in your class • ten?
6. your school shoes • new?



D1, 16 © 1 Classroom words $(\rightarrow$ p.11/ex. 20)
a) Listen and point.
b) What's the word for A ? - The word is 'door'. What's the word for B ? $-\ldots$

## 2 In the picture

Write ten sentences.
Example: The apple is on the table.
The books are in ... . Go on, please.


203 A game


## 4 'Who' or 'what'?

1. ...'s TTS? - It's ‘Thomas Tallis School'.
2. ...'s Emma? - She's a girl from Bristol.
3. ...'s the word 'mobile' in Ukrainian? - It's ' $M$ obilka'.
4. ...'s from Greenwich? - Lisa, Terry and Sam.
5. ...'s in the school bag? - A book and two pens.

## 5 Match the questions and the answers. $(\rightarrow$ p. 11/ex. 21)

1. What's under the chair?
2. What's your favourite sport, Lisa?

It's a mouse.
3. Where's Greenwich?
4. Who's always late?
5. Where are the books?
6. Where are you from?
7. What's 7 and 7 ?
8. Where's School \#17?

They're on the cupboard.

I'm from Cherkasy.
It's in London.
It's football.
Sam is always late.
It's $14 . \quad$ It's in Cherkasy.

D1,17 ${ }^{\circ}$ ) 6 Classroom phrases $(\rightarrow$ p. 11/ex. 22)
Listen and match.
You:
Good morning.
Sorry I'm late.
Can we open the window?
Where are we?
$\qquad$ Your teacher: That's OK. Sit down, please.

What's 'До побачення' in English, please?
Can I go to the toilet, please?
What's the homework?
Thank you.
Goodbye.

Yes, of course you can.
It's on the board.
Good morning, boys and girls.
We're on page 19, Exercise 6.
You're welcome.
Bye!
No, you can go at lunchtime.
It's 'goodbye'. You can say 'bye’, too.
\& 7 Let's talk: In the classroom

What can you say to your teacher?

## Example:

Teacher: Good morning.

1. Good morning.
2. Here's your exercise book.
3. Where's your book?
4. You're late.
5. Let's do a rap.
6. Who's your Ukrainian teacher?

A It is lunchtime.
Emma is in the cafeteria with Lisa.
Emma: Look - here's Terry. He's cool.
Lisa: Cool? He's -
Emma: Sssh!
Terry: Listen, you two. Here's a new joke. What's a word with twenty-six letters?
Emma: That's easy! The word is 'alphabet'. Right?



B Lisa and Emma are in the playground now.

Lisa: Let's play. Here you are! Emma: Oh, no! I'm not good at -
Lisa: Oops! The ball is in the tree.
Emma: Oh, Lisa. I'm sorry!

C Now Sam and Terry are in the playground, too.
Sam: Hello. What's the problem?
Emma: It's the ball. It's in the tree.
Sam: That's no problem - not for Terry and me.
Terry: Is it your ball, Emma? Emma: No, it isn't.


D Terry is in the tree now.


1 Terry, you're naughty! $\rightarrow$ p. 12/ex. 23)
Talk about the story. This story is ... .

2 What's the right order? $(\rightarrow$ p. 12/ex. 23)
Example:1. It is lunchtime. 2. ...

- Lisa and Emma are in the playground with a ball.
- It is lunchtime.
- Lisa is not nice to Terry.
- Sam is nice to Terry, Lisa and Emma.
- Emma is not good at football.
- The girls are in the cafeteria.
- The ball is in the tree.
\& 4 Picture five $(\rightarrow p .12 /$ ex. 23)
Write what Mrs Carter says and what Terry says.


$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|}
\hline \text { very nice cool boring OK } \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

3 Sort the words. $(\rightarrow$ p.12/ex. 23)

| $\because$ | $\ddots$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Oh, I'm sorry. | You're naughty! |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |

Your jokes are boring.
Oh, I'm sorry. • No! • You're cool. . Here you are. • That's wrong. • That's no problem. • Thank you. • Very nice. - You're not cool. - Your ball - your problem. $\cdot$ You're naughty!

## 5 Act the story. ( $\rightarrow$ p. 12/ex. 23)

Make groups and then act the story "No problem!"

## 1 New words $(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .13 /$ ex. 24)

## VOCABULARY SKILLS

## VOCABULARY

Write as many words as you know you see in the classroom (b), you see in a schoolbag (c). There is an example for you (a).
a)
teacher
b)
c)
caretaker
school playground
cafeteria classroom
school bag
classroom

2 Pairs $(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .13 / \mathrm{ex} .25)$
Find six pairs: old - new

| yes | thank you |
| :--- | :--- |
| on | no |
| girl | bye |
| old | boy |
| hi | new |
| please | under |

3 The wrong word $(\rightarrow$ p. 13/ex. 26)
ruler - rubber - mouse - pencil
Example: The wrong word is 'mouse'.

1. girl - chair - boy - teacher
2. cafeteria - playground - classroom
3. who - what - hi - where
4. in - on - under - pen
5. homework - apple - chocolate - sandwich

4 Where's Tom?

1. Tom is ..

\& 5 Find the right adjectives.
Example: Tom is a lucky mouse.
2. My ... sport is football.
3. TTS is a ... school.
4. Your jokes are ..., Terry.
5. Emma is a ... girl.
6. How ... are you?
7. Lisa isn't ... .
8. Sam is always ... .
9. Here's Terry. He's ... .
10. English is ...!

nice easy nice 1 late boring new
big

## 1 A new school (G1, G2) $(\rightarrow$ p. 14/ex. 27, 29)

Look at this letter from Emma to her friend Fiona. Fill in: I, you, he, she, it, we, you, they.

```
Hi Fiona!
    ...'s lunchtime here. ...'m in the playground with Terry. Who's Terry? ...'s my new
friend and ...'s cool. ...'re in Year Seven now. Terry's friends are Lisa and Sam.
    ...'re from his old school. ...'re in Year Seven, too. Mrs Carter is nice. ...'s the
English teacher. ...'m good at English, but ...'m not good at sport. ... isn't boring
here. Greenwich is OK and my new friends are nice. But ...'re my friend, too.
```

2 School questions and answers $(b e \rightarrow G 5)(\rightarrow$ p. 14/ex. 28-29)

1. Is Thomas Tallis a big school? - Yes, it is.
2. Hi, Terry and Lisa! ... you from Greenwich? - Yes, ... .
3.Oh, I'm sorry. ... I late? - Yes, ... .
4.... the girls in the classroom?

- No, ... .
5.... your school bag new? - No, ... .
6.... Mrs Carter a teacher? - Yes, ... .

7. Hello, Mrs Carter. ... we in the right room? - No, ... .

3 Who or where?

| Who? | Where? |
| :--- | :--- |
| girl | classroom |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | girlpartnerclassroomboyplaygrous

2!!! /omebagposterschool

## 4 A new pupil (G6) ( $\rightarrow$ p. 14/ex. 29)

## Steve:

1. ...'s your name?
2. ... are you from?
3. ...'s Mrs Carter?
4. ... are the boys?
5. ...'s your football?
6. ... are 'lucky' and 'cool'?

## Lisa:

- It's Lisa.
- I'm from Greenwich.
- She's a teacher at Thomas Tallis.
- They're in the playground.
- It's in my bag.
- They're adjectives.


## NOW YOU CAN

name yourself
name ABC
say your phone number
say where you are and where he or she is

## Link-up A

## Home sweet home


${ }^{01}$ © $\odot 1$ Let's listen: Rooms
a) Listen and write the words on cards, one word per card.

|  | kitchen |
| :---: | :---: |
| bedroom | dining room |
| living room | bathroom |

b) Look at the picture and listen. Where is Tom? Show the right card.

## 392 Colours

Look at the picture and ask the questions.
A: Is the kitchen yellow?
Close your book. Answer the questions.
B: No, it isn't. It's pink.

1. Is the living room brown?
2. Is the bathroom white?
3. Is the bedroom purple?
4. Is the dining room green?

## 3 Right colours?

a) Look at the colours and say the right word.
b) Write the words in the right colour.

Example: Number one is green.


D1,25 © ${ }^{\circ} 4$ Room rhyme
I'm Tom and here's my home sweet home with table, chairs and bed. Green and yellow, blue and purple and my favourite colour, red.
Tiny pictures, tiny sofa in my funny, tiny house. Tiny TV and computer this is home for Tom, the mouse.

## 5 Funny furniture

Write and say the words.

1. $\mathrm{c} \circ \mathrm{pbo} \cdot \mathrm{rd}$
2. com $\cdot \cdot \mathrm{t} \cdot \mathrm{r}$
3. $\mathrm{ha} \cdot \mathrm{r}$
4. ta. - e
5. so $\cdot \mathrm{a}$
6. pi $\cdot \mathrm{tu} \cdot \mathrm{e}$


## 886 Let's talk: Houses

A: What are the rooms in your dream house?
B: Four bedrooms, a ...
A: What furniture is in the rooms?
B: A big bed, a ... .
A: What colours are the rooms?
B: The bathroom is yellow. The $\qquad$

7 For my folder: My dream house
a) Now draw your dream house. Write the words for the furniture and the rooms in your picture.
b) Show your picture in class. Find new words. Put your picture and the new words in your folder.

D1,26 ${ }^{\circ} 8$ Let's listen: Tom Tiny and his family
Example: Who's in picture A?

- That's his brother, Tim. He's three.

1. Who's in picture $B$ ?
2. Who's in picture C?
3. Who's in picture D?
4. Who's in picture E?
5. Who's in picture F ?
mum

brother
dad
grandma

9 Write the family words.

1. adragnd
2. itress
3. rrhoebt
4. mraagnd
5. add

## 10 Link-up quiz

1. Who's in the Tiny family?
2. What are the rooms in the mouse house?
3. What colour are the rooms?
4. What furniture is in the rooms?

## Unit 2 At home in Greenwich and Cherkasy

 0,27 © The Brooks and the Ivchenkos

## 1 Emma Brook or Alex Ivchenko?

Example: Our cat is on the roof of the shed. - That's Alex Ivchenko.

1. Our room is small.
2. My drums are there.
3. My dad is the manager.
4. I'm an only child.
5. Our flat is very small.
6. My parents are Rob and Farah.

Emma Brook
Alex Ivchenko


D1,28 © 3 Let's listen: Can you come over? $(\rightarrow$ p.16/ex.3)
a) Draw this house.
b) Now listen and write the number on it.
c) Listen again. What things can you add?


4 Let's talk: Where's your house?

| A: Where's your house? | A: What colour is the door? |
| :--- | :--- |
| B: It's in .... | B: It's ... |
| A: What's the number? A: What colour are the windows? <br> B: It's ... B: They're ... . |  |



## 5 For my folder: My family

This is my family. My parents are ... and ... .
I'm an only child. / My brother/sister is ... . / My brothers/sisters are ... .
Our house/flat is in ... .


D1,29 64 Grandma, are we English? $(\rightarrow$ p.17/ex. 6 )


Well, my family's name is Pilch. That's a Polish name. But your name, Spencer, is English. Your grandad is from England. But your mum is from Greece. Her parents' name is Stavros.

Your relatives are Italian and English. And today our lunch is English and Italian, too.
her parents' name your cousins' family
a) Copy Sam's family tree.
b) Add countries to the tree.
c) Where are the people from?

Example: James Spencer is from England. Sarah Pilch is


8 Countries, people and languages $(\rightarrow$ p.18/ex.7)
Match a flag with a country and write sentences. France/French Italy/Italian


Example: Flag A is from Poland. People from Poland are Polish. The language is Polish.

896 Let's talk: More about my family
A: Where are you from?
B: I'm from ... . I'm ... .
A: Where's your family from?
B: My family is from ... . They're ... .
A: And your grandma/grandad?
B: My grandma/grandad is from ... . She's/He's ...


D1,30 $\odot$ Emma, help me! $\leftrightarrow$ Stories $p .113)$
Emma has got a big sister, Amina. Their bedroom is small, so they have got only one wardrobe. Amina hasn't got a lot of time now. Her friends are outside, so she's in a hurry. But her new T-shirt isn't in the wardrobe. Her parents haven't got it, but what about her sister?

Amina: Emma? Where are you?
Emma: In the bathroom. What's up?
Amina: Where's my new pink T-shirt, Emma? Hurry up! I'm late. Have you got it?
Emma: No, I haven't. Look on the shelf in the wardrobe.
Amina: It isn't there. Where is it?
Emma: OK, OK! It has er, em - it has got a mark on it.

|  | - |
| :--- | :--- |
| I've got | I haven't got |
| they've got | they haven't got |
| she has got | she hasn't got |
|  | $\rightarrow G 8, G 9$ |



## 1 The Brooks $(\rightarrow$ p. $18 / \mathrm{ex} .8-9)$

Read the text and write sentences.
Example: Emma has got a big sister. Amina hasn't got a big sister.

| Emma <br> Amina <br> Mr Brook | has got <br> hasn't got | a lot of time. <br> a pink T-shirt. <br> a Discman. <br> a problem. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a big sister. <br> friends outside. |  |  |

## 2 The girls' room

What have they got? Make sentences. Example:


They've got beds.

They haven't got a sofa.


283 Let's talk: Things in your room $(\rightarrow$ p. 19/ex. 10-11)
A: What have you got in your room?
B: I've got a $\ldots$ and one/two/three $\qquad$
\&f 4 A quiz: Who is it? $(\rightarrow$ p. 19/ex. 12; p. 20/ex. 13; p. 21/ex. 16)

Example:
A: They've got a house in Pond Road. Who is it?
B: It's the Taylors.
A: He has got ... .
B: It's ... . Go on, please.

## 5 Amina's friend $(\rightarrow$ p. 20/ex. 14; p. 21/ex. 16)

What are Emma's questions about Amina's friend? Example:

Emma: Has he got a brother?
Amina: Yes, he has.
Emma: Has he got a dog?
Amina: No, he hasn't. Go on, please.
only one bedroom
a house in Pond Road

## drums

three cousins in Italy


Has he got ...?

- Yes, he has.
- No, he hasn't
a brother (yes) • a lot of friends (yes) . a dog (no) • a cat (no) • a mobile (yes) . a computer (yes) • a sister (no) . a TV in his room (no)


## 886 What have they got? $(\rightarrow$ p. 20/ex. 15 ; p. 21/ex. 16)

A: My questions are about the Brooks.
Have they got a computer shop?
B: Yes, they have.
A: Have they got a cat?
B: No, they haven't.
A: Have they got ...? Go on, please.

Have they got ...?

- Yes, they have.
- No, they haven't
the Brooks the Ivchenkos the Taylors the Spencers
a computer
shop
a cat $/$ dog
a flat in $\ldots$ Road
a garden
a shed
a boy

89
7 Let's talk: Have you got a red pencil, please? $(\rightarrow$ p. 21/ex. 16 )


1 Look at the pictures. $(\rightarrow$ p.22/ex. 17) What's different?
Example: In picture A there are two books on the table. In picture B there is one book


A on the table.


B


892
2 Let's talk: Questions and answers about the pictures $\left(\rightarrow\right.$ p. 22/ex. ${ }^{18)}$
Your book is closed. Your partner is $A$.
$A$ : Is there a table in picture A ?
B: Yes, there is.
A: Are there four chairs in picture B?
B: No, there aren't. Go on, please.
there is there are Is there ...?
Are there ...?

## 3 For my folder: My room

Draw a picture of your room, and write about your room.

My room
In my room there is ...


4 Revision: I spy with my little eye ...
A: I spy with my little eye something beginning with ' C '.
B: Cupboard.
A: No, sorry.

C: Chair.
A: No. That's wrong.
D: Chocolate.
A: Yes. That's right.
Go on, please.

## 1 Two families

Radio Active has got a new radio show: Chats with Charlie. People can chat about their favourite topics on the show. They can phone Charlie or come to his studio. He is always happy to see new people there.
Before you listen: Who is in the Taylor family? Who is in the Spencer family? Example: Lisa has got ... .
dad sister

$\mathrm{D} 1,31 \odot 2$ Let's listen: Family and friends What's the right answer?

1. The topic today is ..
friends. - family. • magazines.
2. Sam has got ...
a brother. - a sister. - a grandma.
3. Lisa's sister is ...
six. - five. - ten.
4. When she's unhappy, Lisa can ...
play with Barker. • sing a song. - play football.
$\mathrm{D} 1,32 \odot 3$ Let's listen: Right or wrong?
5. Sam is the DJ.
6. Lisa is in the studio.
7. Lisa can talk about problems with her friends.

D1,33 © ${ }^{\circ} 4$ Sounds
Listen and say.

## [t5]

It's Chats with Charlie. He's the DJ.
She's the teacher. Here's Mr Jackson. It's lunchtime. What's in the picture?

He's the manager.
It's an old joke.
4. Sam has got a lot of friends.
5. Lisa has got a problem with Barker.
6. The topic today is 'family'.


## D1,34 © 5 A song: I've got a crazy song (Music: K.-H. Böttcher, Lyrics: S. McBride)

1. I've got a crazy song about my brother. A really crazy song about my brother. I've got a song for free about my family. I've got a crazy song about my brother.
2. You've got a crazy song about your sister. A really crazy song about your sister.

You've got a song for free about your family. You've got a crazy song about your sister.
3. He's got a crazy song about his grandma.
4. She's got ... about her cousin.
5. We've got ... about our uncle.
6. They've got ... about their grandad.

## ${ }_{35--38}^{01}$ © $\odot$ Ghosts in Hither Farm Road? $(\rightarrow$ stories p.144)

## 1 Before you read: Who's who?

What can you say about Terry, Tiger and Emma? They're in this story.
A One Saturday afternoon Terry is in his shed in the garden.

Tiger, the Jacksons' cat, is on the roof of the shed. Terry has got his dad's laptop on one of his drums. He is busy with a new music project. But he has got a question. The laptop is not very good. It is really slow. He is fed up.

B Who can help? Sam hasn't got a laptop. But what about Emma? He has got Emma's phone number, and he is lucky: she is at home! Emma has got a new laptop and Terry can borrow it.
She has got homework, but she can
come over in an hour. Terry is happy
She has got homework, but she can
come over in an hour. Terry is happy now. He can finish his project.

C An hour later, there is a knock on the door of the shed. It is Emma with her new laptop.


D Emma: Terry, it's spooky here. There are strange noises outside.
Terry: Oh, Emma! It's only the wind in the trees. We haven't got ghosts in Hither Farm Road! But I can take you home.
Emma: OK, Terry. That's really nice of -
Suddenly there is a terrible noise outside!
Emma is really scared.
Emma: Aargh!!! Terry! What's that?
Terry: I'm not sure. Let's look!
It is dark outside, but they can see two yellow eyes
 under the window. Meow, meow!
Terry: Tiger! You stupid cat. Your bed is in the kitchen. It isn't on the roof of the shed! Come on, Emma. Let's go!

2 Talk about the story. $(\rightarrow$ p.23/ex. 20) This story is ... .


3 What's wrong in the sentences? $(\rightarrow$ p. $23 /$ ex. 20$)$
Example: Terry is in the Jacksons' house. That's wrong. Terry is in his shed.

1. The shed is in Pond Road.
2. Terry has got his dad's drums.
3. Emma is at school.
4. Emma has got an old laptop.
5. There is a knock on the door of Terry's house.
6. They can see two cats under the window.

## \& 4 More about Terry, Emma and Tiger $(\rightarrow$ p.23/ex. 20)

a) Sort the adjectives.
strange • busy • new • fed up . slow • not very good • lucky . good with ... • happy • nice . scared . stupid • terrible • spooky
b) Use the adjectives and write sentences. Example:Terry is busy in the shed.

| Terry |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Emma |  |
| busy |  |
|  | good with computers |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| Tiger | places/things |
| stupid | not very good |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |

## 1 Picture words $(\rightarrow$ p. 24/ex. 21-24)

## VOCABULARY SKILLS

## VOCABULARY

Make picture words as in the examples.

## Examples:



## 2 Funny words $(\rightarrow$ p. 24/ex. 21-24)

What's the right word?

## Example: playground


foot time


## 3 A word puzzle $(\rightarrow$ p. 24/ex. 21-24)

Find the words.

1. school $\rightarrow$ teacher computer shop $\rightarrow$ ???
2. bed $\rightarrow$ bedroom sofa $\rightarrow$ ???
3. books $\rightarrow$ shelf
T-shirts $\rightarrow$ ???
4. grandpa $\rightarrow$ grandma uncle $\rightarrow$ ???
5. pencil case $\rightarrow$ pencils house $\rightarrow$ ???

4 Barker's bed ( $\rightarrow$ p. 24/ex. 21-24)
Barker's bed is
in the Taylors' kitchen.
What is there in
Barker's bed?
Example: There is a mouse. There are ... .


1 Terry's shed (G7, have got/has got $\rightarrow G 8)(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .25 / \mathrm{ex} .25-26)$
a) Example: 1. That's Terry's shed.
2. That's $\qquad$ Go on, please.

b) What have the people got? Write sentences.

Example: Terry has go t a shed. Go on, please.

2 Two families (have got/has got $\rightarrow$ G8, have got/has got $\rightarrow G 9)(\rightarrow$ p. 25/ex. 25-26)

|  | cat | dog | shed | garden | house | flat |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| The Ivchenkos | $\checkmark$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $x$ |
| The Taylors | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $x$ |

Make sentences.
Example: The Ivchenkos have got a cat. They haven't got ... . Go on, please.

## 3 Funny questions (have got/has got $\rightarrow \mathrm{G} 10)(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .25 / \mathrm{ex} .25-26)$

Examples: I • tree • in my bedroom - Have I got a tree in my bedroom? my • dad • drums • in the car - Has my dad got ...?

1. our cousins $\cdot$ shed $\cdot$ in the playground
2. we $\cdot$ sofa $\cdot$ in the bathroom
3. my grandma $\cdot$ computer $\cdot$ in the garden
4. our school • garden • on the roof
5. I c cupboard • in my school bag
6. Barker $\cdot$ window $\cdot$ in his bed

## NOW YOU CAN

$\checkmark$ describe your family
you can write 5 sentences about your family
$\checkmark$ describe your room and what you have got in your room

## Link-up B

## Hobbyland



1 What can you do in Hobbyland?
Copy the list of hobbies under the picture. Look at the grid and write down where you can do the different things.

Example:1. ride a bike - A1
2. ride a horse - ...

D1,39 © 2 Let's listen: Check your list. Are all your answers right? Correct what's wrong.

## 883 Let's talk: Hobbies

a) A: Let's say we're in Hobbyland. What can we do together?
B: We can ... and we can ... .
A: OK. But I can't ... .
B: Then I can teach you. / Then we can ... .
A: OK. That's a good idea.
$\&$ b) Add more hobbies to your list in Exercise 1.
c) What hobbies can't your partner do?

A: Can you ...?
B: Yes I can. / No, I can't. Can you teach me?
A: Yes, I can. / No, I can't.

## Link-up B

D1,40 © 4 Let's listen: What can't you do today in Hobbyland?
Example: You can't skate today. Go on, please.

## 5 Hobbies for Tom and Tina

What can Tom and Tina do?
Example: Tom can ride a bike and ... .
Tina can ... .


## 6 Tom's week

a) What can Tom and his friends do at the Mouse Club?
Example: On Mondays they can swim or they can draw a picture. On Tuesdays they can ... .
b) Write a plan for Tom's week.


## 7 Link-up quiz

1. What can you play?
2. What can you ride?
3. What can you watch?
4. What can you read?

8 What day is it?
before after

1. It's the day after Wednesday.
2. It's two days before Sunday.
3. It's the day after Monday.
4. It's two days after Thursday.
5. It's the day before Monday.

D1,41 ©) 9 A song: Seven days in a week (Music: K-H. Böttcher/Lyrics: K-H. Böttcher \& S.McBride)

At Thomas Tallis after school
There's always lots to do.
From drama club to basketball, It's really up to you.
Monday is number one.
Cooking is really fun, yeah!
Tuesday is number two.
Football is the thing for you, yeah!
Wednesday is number three.

Drama club for you and me, yeah!
Thursday is number four.
Gymnastics on the floor, yeah!
Friday is number five.
Rap music - and it's live, yeah!
Saturday is number six.
Where are the hockey sticks? Yeah!
Sunday is number seven.
Nothing to do is heaven, yeah!

## Unit 3 Free time

00,42 © School clubs


Come to the Thomas Tallis

## All Sports Club

in the gym on Fridays at 3:30. Learn to play basketball, badminton and volleyball.

$\begin{aligned} \text { 4:00 } & =\text { four o'clock } \\ \text { 3:30 } & =\text { half past three }\end{aligned}$

## Drama Club

Can you sing? Good!
Can you dance? Great! Can you sing and dance? Wow!

We've got just the right thing for you:


Come to the hall on Wednesdays
at $3: 00$. Cherkasy Secondary

Every Tuesday at 3:30 in the computer room. Cherkasy Secondary School \#17
THOMAS TALLIS DOG CLUB


Learn about dogs and teach your dog tricks.

COMPUTER CLUB

(ar ty ser

Come to
the Thomas Tallis dog club in the park on Mondays at 3:30.



2 Let's talk: Boring or a good idea? Talk about clubs with a partner. ${ }^{(\rightarrow \text { p. 27/ex. 2) }}$

A: Let's go to the ... club.
B: No, that's ... . Let's go to the ... club.
A: OK. That's ... . When is the ... club?
B: It's on ... at ... . Go on, please.
fun easy
(very) good
(really) nice
a good/great idea OK cool

D1,43 $\odot) 3$ Let's listen: What can we do? $(\rightarrow$ p. 27/ex. 3-4)
a) Match the clubs with the pupils. Example: Lisa - dog club, football ...
b) What can the friends do together? Example: Lisa and Terry - football club
c) Look at the clubs on page 40 again. When are they? football computer
Add the times to the clubs in b) and write sentences.
Example: Lisa and Terry can go to the football club
(in the gym on Tuesdays at 4:00). all sports ras dog drama

## 894 Let's talk: My clubs


a) Make a list of clubs at your school or in your town.
b) Talk about clubs with your partner.

A: What are your clubs?
B: My clubs are ... and ... .
A: When are they?
B: ... is on ... at ..., and ... is on ... at ... .

5 For my folder: My favourite club Make a poster for your favourite club.

My favourite club

What: the music club. We can play music together. When: on Saturdays at 3:00
Where: The YOUTHCLUB

## Clubs at Thomas Tallis and Cherkasy Secondary School \#17

$\mathrm{D} 1,44$ © ${ }^{\circ} 1$ Late again? $(\rightarrow$ p. 28/ex. 5$)$
Sam is on his way to the cooking club. Mr Newman is in the playground.
a) Read the dialogue.

b) Act the dialogue with a partner. Use different times.
Example: 3:30 - It's half past three.

1. $4: 30$
2. $8: 15$
3. 7:20
4. $4: 50$
5. $12: 45$
6. 10:30
7. 9:28
8. 6:15
9. 11:14


4:15 = quarter past four 4:30 = half past four
4:45 = quarter to five
4:20 = four-twenty

2 At the clubs
Match the pictures of different clubs with the texts.
Example: Picture 1 - Take the apples out of the oven at 5:15.


OK. It's 4:30. Walk your dogs to the tree and back, and then you can go home.


## 3 Rules for the drama club $(\rightarrow$ p. 28/ex. 6$)$

Example: Come to the drama hall at 2:55.

- Can you come to the drama hall at 2:55, please?

Come to the drama hall at 2:55. Can you .... please?
Bring your Cats T-shirts.
Leave your bags in my room.
Put your mobiles on my desk.
Learn your lines at home.


Go to the toilet before your
Be nice to your partner.
Smile! Drama is fun!
4 Rules in the T.T. all sports club $(\rightarrow$ p. 28/ex.7)
It's 3:30 on Friday. Lisa is at the all sports club, but she is fed up. There are a lot of rules.

Don't bring ...! Don't ...!

## a) Read the rules.



## 8 <br> 5 Classroom rules

Write rules for your classroom.
a) Look at the poster. What are the rules for the pictures?
b) Make a poster with funny rules for your school.
b) Make more rules with: be, bring, leave, open, play, put.

1. Don't ... football in the hall!
2. Don't ... late!
3. Don't ... the gym!
4. Don't ... the windows!
5. Don't ... dogs!
6. Don't ... schoolbags behind the door!


## 7 A trick with numbers

Think of a number from one to ten. Multiply the number by two (x2). Add the number eight ( +8 ). Divide the number by two ( $\div 2$ ). Take away the first number (- first number). What's the number?

## $01,45^{\circ}$ © An e-mail to Grandma

Dear Grandma,
Thank you for your e-mail. You ask about my new school. Well, I like Thomas Tallis and I like my teachers. The uniform is OK. My school day is very long. We start at 8:40 and most days I don't get home before $4: 30$. Here's a normal day for me:
7:45 - I get up and wash.
8:00 - I dress and go into the kitchen.
8:15 - I eat breakfast with Dad.
8:30 - I leave the house.
1:10 - Lunchtime!!! I eat lunch with my friends, and after lunch we play in the playground.


Here I am in the computer room :-)

2:10 - We start afternoon school.
3:20 - We finish school. On Wednesday afternoons we finish at 2:30.
5:00 - I do my homework.
7:00 - We have supper. After supper I help in the kitchen or watch TV.
9:30 - I go to bed.
Bye, Emma

1 From morning to night $(\rightarrow$ p. 29/ex. 8 )
What can Emma say about her day?
Example: I get up and wash at 7:45. I dress and ... at ... . Go on, please.

2 For my folder: My school day ( $\rightarrow$ p.29/ex.9)
Write about your school day.
Example: I get up and wash at 6:30. I ... .
Go on, please.


3 School days ( $\rightarrow$ p. 29/ex. 10)
Look at a day at your school and a day at Emma's school. What's different?

Example:

1. They start at ... . We start at ... .
2. They eat lunch at ... . We eat ... . Go on, please.

4 Let's talk: You and your friends $(\rightarrow$ p. 30/ex.11-12)
a) Talk to a friend about Saturdays.

|  | I <br> always <br> often | get up late. <br> write e-mails. <br> listen to music. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I | sometimes my homework. <br> never | do match videos. <br> meet my friends. <br> read comics. |

b) Now say what you and your friend do.

Example: We always ... . We often ... . Go on, please.
$\rightarrow$ never $\quad$ sometimes often $\xrightarrow{\text { always }} 100$

## 5 Emma's clubs ( $\rightarrow$ p. 30/ex. 13)

Read about Emma's clubs again and make sentences.
Example: Terry and Lisa• the football club •often • go to


> Terry and Lisa often go to the football club.

1. go to $\cdot I \cdot$ the football club $\cdot$ never
2. on Tuesdays $\cdot$ the computer club $\cdot$ go to $\cdot$ often $\cdot I$
3. the drama club • on Wednesdays • we • go to • always
4. on Fridays • sometimes • go to • Terry and I • the rap club
5. go to $\cdot$ clubs $\cdot$ after school $\cdot I \cdot$ often
6. play • stupid sports • always • they • at the all sports club

6 Pupils don't like homework. ( $\rightarrow$ p. 31/ex. 14-16)

Match and write sentences.
Example: Pupils don't like homework. Go on, please.

## Pupils don't like

 homework.$$
\rightarrow \text { G15 }
$$


eat breakfast. wear uniforms.
go home for lunch. live in a flat. like homework. like cats.

I always read comics on Saturdays.

## D1,46 © ) Who likes Mondays?



Tiger likes mice. She doesn't like dogs. And she doesn't like Mondays. Terry always comes home early on Mondays and plays his drums in the shed. Tiger often sleeps on the roof of the shed. She doesn't like her bed in the kitchen. She never sleeps there.

Barker likes his bed in the kitchen. He puts his favourite things there. He doesn't like Wednesdays. Lisa always comes home late. But he likes Mondays. Then he always watches Tom and Jerry on TV with Jade.

1 Tiger or Barker? $(\rightarrow$ p. 32/ex. $17-18 ;$ p. 33/ex. 20) Example: ... likes his bed. Barker likes his bed.

He likes
She sleeps
He watches ....

1. ... watches TV.
2. ... never sleeps in her bed.
3. ... puts his things in his bed.
4. ... likes mice.
5. ... likes Mondays.
6. ... sleeps on the roof of the shed.

## 2 Right or wrong? $(\rightarrow$ p. $32 /$ ex. $19 ;$ p. $33 /$ ex. 20$)$

Example: Barker doesn't like his bed. - That's wrong. Barker likes his bed. Tiger likes mice. - That's right.

1. Tiger doesn't like Mondays.
2. Barker puts his things in the garden.
3. Barker doesn't like Mondays.
4. Terry always skates on Mondays.

## 3 That's wrong.

( $\rightarrow$ p. 33/ex. 20; p. 34/ex. 21-22)
Example:
go - goes
do - does

Emma likes dogs.

- That's wrong. She doesn't like dogs.

1. Terry goes to school at $8: 25$.
2. Lisa goes to the cooking club.
3. Tom likes cats.
4. Emma gets up after Amina.
5. Sam does homework at 5:00.
6. Barker sleeps on the roof.
7. Tiger likes dogs.
8. Barker likes Tom and Jerry.

She likes / doesn't like He watches/doesn't watch ....
G15
4 Sam and Terry's Monday
$(\rightarrow$ p. 33/ex. 20; p. 34/ex. 23)

1. Terry gets up at $7: 00$.

He eats breakfast at $\qquad$
2. Sam gets up ... . He ... .

Go on, please.

|  | Terry | Sam |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| get up | $7: 00$ | $8: 20$ |
| eat breakfast | $7: 30$ | $8: 25$ |
| go to school | $8: 00$ | $8: 35$ |
| do homework | $5: 00$ | $9: 0$ |
| watch TV | $7: 30$ | $7: 30$ |

## $\mathrm{D} 1,47^{\circ}$ ) 1 Let's listen: A chat with a night nurse

Today Charlie chats with Anna Church, a night nurse. Match the sentence parts.

1. Anna helps
2. She starts work
3. People sometimes
4. Anna comes home
5. She helps her children
6. She always goes to their school
a. with their homework.
b. at seven in the morning.
c. at half past three.
d. at ten o'clock in the evening.
e. bring chocolate.
f. a lot of people.


D1,48 ©) 2 Let's listen: Anna's day
Listen again. Then match the times with the sentences.
Example: Anna starts work at ten o'clock in the evening. She ... . Go on, please
Anna starts work. She finishes work.
She goes to bed. She makes breakfast.
She eats lunch. She gets up.

| 7:00 | 2:30 | in the afternoon |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

D1,49 © ${ }^{\circ} 3$ Sounds
Put the words in three groups.
borrows, comes, dances, does, dresses, finishes, helps, leaves, plays, puts, rides, shouts, sings, skates, sleeps, starts, swims, takes, teaches, washes, watches

| $[s]$ | $[z]$ | $[\mathrm{z}]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| helps | borrows | dances |
| $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |



## D1, o Barkers Story $(\rightarrow$ Stories p. 114)

1 Before you read: Answer the questions.

1. Who's Barker?
2. Who's in the Taylor family?


B Every morning at half past seven I wake up Lisa and wash her face. Lisa is my friend. Then she washes her face again. After that, we make our breakfast.


D In the afternoons Susan and I go to our café. I often sit behind the window, and I say 'Hello!' when people come in. I'm a very nice dog.
5


A Hello. I'm Barker. My people are the Taylors - Richard and Susan and their children, Lisa, Ben and Jade. The Taylor family lives in my house. I love the Taylors!


C At twenty past eight the children go to school. I help Susan in the house, or I play in the garden. Sometimes a cat comes into our garden, but I don't like cats. I always bark, and then they run away.


E On Saturdays I don't work, and Lisa doesn't go to school. I take Lisa to the park. I often teach Lisa tricks. I sometimes bring Lisa her ball. She often gets lost in the park. Then she calls my name. I always find Lisa again.

F On Sundays I go out of town with my people in our car. There are always a lot of cars. Sometimes there are dogs in the cars, too. We bark. It's great fun!

7


H At nine o'clock I take Lisa to bed. She's nice, so she can always sleep in my bed. I've got a very nice bed in the kitchen, too. But I sometimes sleep on my big bed in the bedroom. After my busy day I'm always dog-tired.


G In the evenings my people often watch TV. Then we play a game. I watch TV, too. I sit in front of it, and they throw shoes. I take the shoes into Lisa's bedroom. I like shoes!


## 2 Say what you think. ( $\rightarrow$ p. 35/ex. 24)

Example: I think this story is really nice/funny/...
I like/don't like Barker/the pictures/the story/... Go on, please.

3 Who is it? $(\rightarrow p .35 /$ ex. 24$)$
Example: Who tells the story? - Barker.

1. Who are Barker's people? 4. Who sits behind the window?
2. Who goes to school?
3. Who gets lost in the park?
4. Who takes Barker to the park?
5. Who throws shoes?

802 4 Let's talk: What can you remember? ( $\rightarrow$ p. 35/ex. 24)


## VOCABULARY SKILLS

## VOCABULARY

Learn the new words in a sentence．
a）There＇s a dog in our rap club， And breakdance is his thing． When he dances on the table， All the children start to sing．
b）Make on Monday，take on Tuesday， Wash on Wednesday，throw on Thursday， Find on Friday，sit on Saturday， See on Sunday．


2 What can you do？$(\rightarrow$ p．36／ex．25－28）
Example：I can wash my face．Go on，please．

| wake up | eat | my face |  | football my grandma |  | computer games |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| help | play |  | supper |  |  | my brother |
| play with | wash | people |  |  | my dog |  |

3 Fill in the right letters．$(\rightarrow$ p．36／ex．25－28） Example：favvrite－favourite
1．chocruvte
3．br甲vkfast
5．Wervesday
7．ofYen
9．diffツYent
2．r叉vlly
4．TVYsday
6．y $\vee$ ng
8．evvning
10．cupb $\vee$ rd

## 4 Tom＇s Sunday $(\rightarrow$ p．36／ex．25－28）

Example：Tom gets up at 10：00 in the morning．He ．．．．

does homework
goes to bed eats supper gets up watches TV makes breakfast

1 Playground rules $(G 12)(\rightarrow$ p. 37/ex. 29-31)
Look at the pictures on the board.
Write the rules.
Example: 1. Don't bring mobiles. Go on, please.


## 2 They don't eat chocolate. $(\mathrm{G} 15)(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .37 / \mathrm{ex} .29-31)$

Look at the pictures and the words. They don't do a lot of things. What can you say?
Example: They don't ... .


## 3 Tiger's Saturday (G13, G15) $(\rightarrow$ p. 37/ex. 29-31)

Example: Tiger $\odot \ldots$ in her bed. She $\odot \cdot .$. on the roof. sleep
Tiger doesn't sleep in her bed. She sleeps on the roof.

1. She $\odot \ldots$ her bed in the house. She $\odot \ldots$ the shed. There are mice under it. like
2. On Saturday Tiger © $\ldots$ at $6: 00$ in the morning. Terry $\odot \ldots$ before 10:00. get up
3. She $\odot \ldots$ mice. She $\odot \ldots$ her breakfast. like
4. She $\cdot \ldots$ into the garden. She © $\ldots$ into Terry's bedroom. go
5. She $\odot \ldots$ on the bed. She $\odot \ldots$ on his face. sit
6. Terry $\odot \ldots$.. "Nice cat!" He © ..., "You stupid cat!" say

## NOW YOU CAN

$\checkmark$ speak about clubs and hobbies - what your hobbies are
$\checkmark$ you can make a report - make a dialogue with your partner about your evening plans: write what is forbidden in your school
$\checkmark$ write about your schedule; ask your partner what time it is now

## Link-up C

## In town


(a) bus stop; 1 in information centre

D2,1 ©) 1 Places in Mousetown
a) Listen to the words for places on the map. Say the words.
b) Now look at the map. What is where?

Example: The café is in Mouse Road. The park is in ... .


D2,2 ©) 2 Let's listen: I'm new in Mousetown.
a) Look at Tom's map and listen. Where's Tom?
b) Listen again. Where are the bus stops? What's the number of the bus?
c) Find the way from the department store to number 25 Park Road.


## 893 Let's talk: In Mousetown

Look at the map of Mousetown. You are behind the school in Dog Street. How can you get to the computer shop, the museum and the playground? Ask a partner.
A: Excuse me. Can you tell me the way to the computer shop, please?
B: Yes. Go down Dog Street to River Road. Go right into River Road. The computer shop is on your left.
on your left on your right next to Go down .... Go left. Go right.

A: Thank you. Goodbye.

## 29

 4 A game: Where am I?A: Look at the map and then close your eyes.

B: I'm in Mouse Road, in a place next to the church. Where am I?
A: You're in the ... .
B: No, that's wrong.
A: You're in the ... .
B: Yes, that's right. Go on, please.

## 8 In Mousetown

You are at the Information Centre. Where can mice go in Mousetown? How can hey get there?
Make a poster with six places.

## 5 Link-up quiz: What is it?

1. It's near the supermarket. There are a lot of children there. It's in Old Road.
2. It's near the river. It's in Apple Tree Road. There are old books and pictures in it.
3. It's near the newsagent. It's in Mouse Road. There are a lot of sandwiches there.

## Places in Mousetown

How you can get there:


## 1. The church:

 Go down Shoe Street to Mouse Road. Go left. The church is2. The playground: Go down


## Unit 4 Greenwich Project Week

 ${ }_{\mathrm{D} 23-7}$ © Out and about in Greenwich

A There is a great playground in Greenwich Park. A lot of young people come here on skateboards or on skates. You can play football here, too.

B The Foot Tunnel goes under the Thames, so you can walk under the river! It starts at Cutty Sark Gardens in Greenwich and goes to the Isle of Dogs.


1 What is it? $(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .39 / \mathrm{ex} .1)$
Example: East is on the right and West is on the left. - It's the Meridian Line.

1. This famous ship is a museum, too.
2. Home of the 24 -hour clock!
3. A train without a driver!
4. Use it and walk under the river!
5. A lot of mice use it.
6. You can skate here.

D2,8 ©) 2 Let's listen: Places for our project
a) It's Greenwich Project Week at Thomas Tallis. The pupils work in groups and choose a topic. Then they go into town and get information. The four friends
 want to find a topic for their project.

Who wants to do what? Listen and complete the grid.
B b) What's Terry's idea? Complete the text.
Let's call our topic.... We can go to the ... and the ... first. Then we can visit the ... and ... .


## C The Royal

 Observatory is in Greenwich. It is the home of the Meridian Line and GMT (Greenwich Mean Time).

D The name 'Cutty Sark' means short shirt. It is now a museum. You can see old pictures and maps there.


E The DLR (Docklands Light Railway) goes under the river from Greenwich to the Isle of Dogs, too. It is a train without a driver.
88. 3 Let's talk: A visitor in Greenwich ( $\rightarrow$ p. 39/ex. 2-3)

A: Excuse me. I'm a visitor here. Where can I go and what can I do in Greenwich?
B: You can go to ... . You can ... there.
A: Thank you. That's a good idea.
B: You're welcome.
Cutty Sark Museum: visit a famous old ship • look at old maps
Greenwich Park: play football • skate
Royal Observatory: see the 24 -hour clock • see the Meridian Line

4 For my folder: My Chernivtsi
( $\rightarrow$ p. 39/ex. 3)
Where can visitors go in your town and what can they do there?

Make a poster with pictures.

My Chernivtsi


Our church is very old.


Our park is great. We play football here every Saturday. We skate and listen to music
here.

## Friends and families in Greenwich

1. Do you live in Greenwich?

2. Do you often go to Greenwich Park?
3. Do you skate there?
4. Do you play football there?
5. Do you ride your bike there?
6. Do you meet friends there?
7. Do you eat lunch in Greenwich Park?
8. Do you listen to music there?
9. Do you read in Greenwich Park?
10. Do you swap cards there?


是 1 Terry's survey $(\rightarrow$ p. 40/ex. 4-5)
Terry does a survey for the school project. Look at his questions.
What are Emma's answers?

Terry: Do you live in Greenwich?
Emma: Yes, I do.
Terry: Do you often go to Greenwich Park?
Emma: No, I don't. Go on, please.

Do you ...?

- Yes, I do.
- No, I don't.
$\rightarrow$ G16



## 2 Let's talk: Our town

a) Young people in Greenwich meet in the park.

Where can you meet in your town? What can you do there? Example: We can meet ... . We can ... there.
b) Look at Terry's questions again.

Write five questions. Ask the group.
A: Do you ...?


B: ... Go on, please.

## 88 3 Let's talk: Friends and family

Make questions and then ask a partner.
Example: A: Do your friends go to town on Saturdays?
B: Yes, they do. / No, they don't.

Do your friends ... ?

- Yes, they do.
- No, they don't.
$\rightarrow$ G16
$\xrightarrow[\substack{\text { your friends } \\ \text { Do } \\+ \text { your parents } \\ \text { you and your friends } / \text { parents }}]{ }+$
$\square$

| town |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| the park |  |
| the shops |  |

4 How the pupils go to school $(\rightarrow$ p. 40/ex. 6$)$
One group in Year Seven chooses the topic 'transport'. They make $>$ by bike a grid and ask the pupils questions. Say how the pupils go to school. on foot


Example: Lisa goes by car or by bus. Sam goes . $\qquad$
b) Say how you go to school.

## 285 Transport $(\rightarrow$ p. $41 /$ ex. $7-8$ )

A: Does Sam go to school by bus?
$B$ : Yes, he does.
A: Does Lisa go to school on foot?
B: No, she doesn't. Go on, please.

Does Sam ...? - Yes, he does.

- No, he doesn't.

Does Lisa ... ?- Yes, she does.

- No, she doesn't.
\& 6 A family topic - the Taylors' week

walk Barker

skate in the park

watch TV

play cards

phone Emma
a) Write sentences about the Taylors' evenings.

Example: On Mondays Mrs Taylor walks Barker at 7:00. On Tuesdays ... . Go on, please.
b) Make dialogues with a partner.

A: Do Jade and Lisa watch TV on Mondays?
B: No, they don't. They watch TV on ... .

Go on, please.

88 7 Let's talk: Your family ( $\rightarrow$ p. 41/ex. 9; p. 42/ex. 10) Make questions and answers.
Example: Does your mum get up at ...? - Yes, she does.


## Questions about Greenwich

## 1 What do you know? $\rightarrow$ p. 42/ex.11)

1. What does GMT mean?
2. Where do visitors find the 24 -hour clock?
3. What do the letters DLR mean?


What?
Where?
How?
4. Where does the Foot Tunnel go?
5. What does the name 'Cutty Sark' mean?
6. How do you get from Greenwich to the

Isle of Dogs?
Name: Emma Brook

1. Greenwich Meridian Time
2. at the Royal Observatory
3. I don't know
4. under the river
5. old boat
6. by tunnel or by DLR

## Name: Sam Spencer

1. Greenwich Meet Time
2. at the Royal Observatory
3. the Docklands Light Railway
4. under the river
5. big shirt
6. by DLR or you can walk

## 2 Read the friends' answers.

Who has got one wrong answer, two wrong answers, three wrong answers?
Example: Emma has got ... wrong answers. It's/ They're number ... . Sam has got ....
Go on, please.

## 3 How do we get to the Cutty Sark? $(\rightarrow$ p. 42/ex. $12 ;$ p. $43 /$ ex. 13$)$

Before the pupils go to Greenwich, they ask their teacher a lot of questions.
Put in the right question words.
When ...? What ...? How ...? Where ...? Where do we get ...?

## Pupil:

1. ... do we get to the Cutty Sark?
2. ... does the Royal Observatory open?
3. ... do we meet you at lunchtime?
4. ... do we eat lunch?
5. ... do we get our sandwiches?
6. ... do we do in the afternoon?

Teacher:

- You can take the number 386 bus.
- It opens at 10:00.
- At Mrs Taylor's café.
- At one o'clock.
- At Mrs Taylor's café.
- You finish your worksheets.


## 4 On the way to Greenwich

## Sort the questions.

Example: get to • the friends • How do • Greenwich How do the friends get to Greenwich?


1. the friends • What do • in the bus • do
2. the Foot Tunnel • What does • call • Lisa
3. Sam • What does • about the tunnel • know
4. want • What does • Emma • to know
5. the bus • Where do • they • get off
6. get • to school • Lisa • in the morning • How does

7. the pupils • When do • lunch • at the café • eat
\& 5 Let's talk: Where do you skate? ( $\rightarrow$ p. 43/ex. $14 ;$ p. 44/ex. $15 ;$ p. 45/ex. 16 )
898 A: Where do you skate?
B: I skate in the park.
A: When do you ... ?
Go on, please.

\& 6 A day in town $(\rightarrow$ p. 45/ex. 17)
Look at Terry's answers.
What are Sam's questions?
She leaves at nine o'clock.
She meets her sister.
She goes by car.
She goes to the shops.

## Mr Rose's rules for Project Day

Don't forget your worksheets. Put them in your folders.
Stay in your group. Don't leave it.
When you've got the answers, write them on your worksheets.

Give them to Mrs Taylor in her café in Park Row.
When she gives you your sandwiches, don't forget to thank her.

| I | me |
| :--- | :--- |
| you | you |
| he | him |
| she | her |
| it | it |
| we | us |
| you | you |
| they | them |

1 Who or what is it? $(\rightarrow$ p. 46/ex. 18)
Read the rules for the project.
Example: Put them in your folders. - It's the worksheets.

1. Don't leave it.
2. Don't ask him for the answers.
3. You can phone me.
4. Write them on the worksheets.
5. Give us your mobile number.
6. Don't forget to thank her.

## 2 Can you help me, please? $(\rightarrow$ p. 46/ex. 19-20)

Match the questions with the pictures.
Example: Picture 1: Can you help me, please?

Can you ask him, please? •Can you find her, please? • V Can you help me, please? . Can I help you? - Can you excuse us, please? - Can we borrow it, please?


2



6


D2, 10 © 1 Let's listen: Greenwich for young people
a) Match the people with the places they like. Example: Peter likes ... . Go on, please.
music shops

\& b) Listen again. Answer the questions.
Peter

1. What does Peter do in Greenwich?
2. What are Mark's hobbies?
3. What's Kate's problem?

Cutty Sark Gardens
Mark
the café in Church Street

## 892 Let's talk: In our town

A: What problems are there for young people in your/our town?
B: In my/our town there isn't a ... .
A: Are there good/big/ ...?
B: Yes, there are. / No, there aren't.

| café | park |
| :--- | :--- |
| playground | sports |
| $\ldots$ | ... |



D2,11 © 63 Sounds
Write the sentences in your exercise book.
Where do they go up? $\qquad$ Where do they go down?

1. Does Sam go to school by bus?
2. Where do we meet at lunchtime?
3. What do the letters 'DLR' mean?
4. Lisa goes by car or by bus.
5. When do they eat lunch at the café?
6. Do Jade and Lisa watch TV on Mondays?

D2,12 © 4 A song: Please don't!
I don't want to sit in the house alone. I don't want to talk on my mobile phone.
I don't want to break-dance or to rap.
I only want to play the flute and hear the people clap.
(Music: K.-H. Böttcher; Lyrics: K.H. Böttcher, S. McBride)



B They go to Cutty Sark Gardens next to the Foot Tunnel. It is quarter to ten. They see three people and ask them questions. Lisa speaks to a young man.

Lisa: Excuse me. We're from Thomas Tallis School. Have you got time to ...? Young man: Sorry. I haven't got time. I'm late.
Sam asks a woman.
A At nine o'clock on Wednesday morning the groups of pupils in Year Seven leave the school with their worksheets.

Sam: Let's go to the Foot Tunnel first. That's my topic! Then we can come back here.


C It is quarter past ten. The children go back to the Cutty Sark Museum. At quarter to eleven they have got only three answers. It is cold and then it starts to rain.

D The children go to Mrs Taylor's café. They find a table and start to do the answers. At half past eleven Mr Rose comes into the café. The friends are busy and they don't see him.


1 The right order ( $\rightarrow$ p. 47/ex. 21)
Put the sentences in the right order.

- Mr Rose comes into the café.
- It starts to rain.
- The children go to Mrs Taylor's café.
- Lisa speaks to a young man.
- The children walk back to the Cutty Sark.
- Sam reads the sign.
- The pupils leave the school.

2 Timeline $(\rightarrow$ p. 47/ex. 21)
Find all the times in the story and make a timeline.

9:00 The pupils leave the school.
9:30 They are at the ... .
9:45 ...
Go on, please.


1 Don't forget the small words! $(\rightarrow$ p. 48/ex. 22-23)

## VOCABULARY SKILLS

## VOCABDLARY

Example: be good at: I'm good at football.

| be good at: $\ldots$ | on foot: ... | get up: ... |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| be at home: $\ldots$ | on skates: ... | ask for: ... |
| be married to: ... | by bus: ... | take out: ... |
|  | by bike: ... | Go on, please. |

2 Find words for the photos. $(\rightarrow$ p. 48/ex. 22-23)

## west



## under

\& 3 The DLR $\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .48 /$ ex. 22-23) $\square$ Look at the text on the DLR. Put in the missing words. The DLR is a new train ... London. It is a train ... a driver. Trains leave Greenwich every ten minutes ... Monday ... Friday. ... busy times there is a train every three minutes. The first train goes ... 5:23 ... the morning. You can go ... Greenwich ... the Isle of Dogs. The DLR goes ... the River Thames. A lot ... people work ... East London and live ... Greenwich. They use the train ... the mornings and ... the evenings. Visitors ... the Cutty Sark use the DLR, too, because it stops ... the river.

in (6x) from (2x)

## 1 Questions about Greenwich $(\rightarrow G 16)(\rightarrow$ p. 49/ex. 24-26)

## Use short answers.

1. Does the number 386 bus go to the Cutty Sark? - © ©
2. Does Terry live in Greenwich? - ©
3. Does the name 'Cutty Sark' mean short ship? - ©


## 2 In Greenwich Park $(\rightarrow G 16)(\rightarrow$ p. 49/ex. 24-26)

A boy asks Lisa and Emma a lot of questions.
Put the words in the right order.

1. you • Italian • Do • or Greek • speak
2. you • in Greenwich • Do • live
3. a lot of • Do • nice places • here • know • you
4. to the Royal Observatory • go • the DLR • Does


## 3 Find the questions. $(\rightarrow G 17)(\rightarrow$ p. 49/ex. 24-26)

1. Where ...? - Young people skate in Greenwich Park.
2. When ...? - The Cutty Sark Museum opens at ten o'clock.
3. What ...? - The pupils choose a topic.
4. How ...? - They get to Greenwich by bus.
5. Where ...? - He reads a sign at the Cutty Sark.
6. When $\ldots$ ? - He comes into the café at half past eleven.

4 What do the people answer? $(\rightarrow G 18)(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .49 /$ ex. 24-26)

1. I've got a lot of books here. - Please put ... in the cupboard.
2. What do I do with my bag? - Leave ... on your desk.
3. Who knows Mrs Taylor? - Lisa knows ... .
4. Where can I find Mr Newman? - You can find ... in the playground.
5. I don't know where the café is. - We can show ... .

## NOW YOU CAN

$\checkmark$ Describe your town, village
$\checkmark$ Describe Greenwich
$\checkmark$ Ask questions on the topic

## Unit 5 Shopping in Greenwich

## 02,10 © At the shops



1 Match the pictures with the shops.
Picture 1 is a ... . Picture 2 is a ... . Go on, please.

S = small
$M=$ medium
L = large

2 Where can you buy the things in the pictures? $(\rightarrow$ p.52/ex.1)
Example: You can buy magazines at the newsagent or at the supermarket.

2

7

3

8


9

10



## 3 For my folder: Shops

a) Copy the grid. Fill in the things from Exercise 2. What else can you buy at the shops?

| sports shop | newsagent | department store | supermarket | ... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\ldots$ | magazines | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ... |

D) What other shops do you know? What can you buy there?

4 Money
In England they have got pounds and pence.
There are 100 pence in a pound.
How much is it?

1. 25 p
2. $£ 1.50$
3. $£ 3.00$
4. 75 p
5. $£ 1.99$
6. $£ 27$

We write:
We say:
£1 a/one pound $£ 5$ five pounds
50p fifty p
$£ 1.50$ one (pound) fifty $£ 5.30$ five (pounds) thirty

895 Let's talk: How much? $(\rightarrow$ p. 52/ex. 2)
A: How much is the bike?
B: It's .
A: How much are the .
B: They're ... .

$\mathrm{D} 2, ~^{\circ}$. 6 Let's listen: Where are the friends? $(\rightarrow$ p.53/ex.3) 18-21

1. Terry is in the ... .
2. Emma is in ... . Go on, please.

887 Let's talk: Shopping dialogues $(\rightarrow$ p. 53/ex.4 $)$
Make dialogues with a partner.
How much is the comic?

- It's ... .

How much are the magazines?

- They're ... .


## ${ }^{\mathrm{D} 2,22 \odot}$ Shopping for Sam's party ${ }_{(\rightarrow \text { Stories } \mathrm{p} .116)}$

Sam: OK, Grandma. I think we've got all the things on our list. And there's no chocolate!
Grandma: Very good. We eat too much chocolate. Now, what about your birthday? Do you want a cake?
Sam: Well ... yes. But can I make it this year?
Grandma: Yes, of course. Do you want to have a party?
Sam: Oh yes, Grandma, there's a new burger bar-
Grandma: Sam, I'm sorry. That's too expensive. What about a pizza from Mario's?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { milk }-2 \text { bottles } \\
& \text { eggs }-2 \text { boxes } \\
& \text { apples }-1 \text { big bag } \\
& \text { tomatoes }-1 \text { bag } \\
& \text { lemonade }-1 \text { bottle } \\
& \text { cheese }-1 \text { large packet } \\
& \text { water }-5 \text { bottles } \\
& \text { biscuits }-1 \text { packet } \\
& \text { cornflakes }-2 \text { boxes } \\
& \text { pencils }-1 \text { box } \\
& \text { NO CHOCOLATE!!! }
\end{aligned}
$$

a packet of crisps a box of pencils

## 1 The shopping list $(\rightarrow$ p. $54 /$ ex. $5-7)$

What do Grandma and Sam want to buy?
Example:They want to buy a packet of ..., and a bag of ....

| a $/$ two $/ 2$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\cdots$ |

## 多 2 What else?

Look at the shopping list again. What else can you buy in a supermarket?
Example: You can also buy packets of ..., boxes of ... .

## 3 What do they want? $(\rightarrow$ p. $55 /$ ex. 8$)$

Make sentences about Sam and his grandma.
Example: Grandma wants to talk to Sam.

> I want an apple.
> I want to buy a pizza.

> a party. $\circ$ invite three friends. $\circ$ make his cake. $\bullet$ go to a burger bar. $\cdot$ buy a pizza from Mario's. - make a cheese cake. $\cdot$ get all the things for the cake. $\circ$ make a chocolate cake.

What do you know about Sam? What are his hobbies? What's a good present for him?


Terry hasn't got many ideas. Then Emma sees a T-shirt in the sports shop. But it's too expensive.

## 5 What hasn't Sam got? ( $\rightarrow$ p. 55/ex. 9; p. 56/ex. 11)

| Sam hasn't got | much <br> many | money. <br> CDs. <br> posters. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| chocolate. |  |  |
| books. |  |  |
| music. |  |  |

He hasn't got much homework. He hasn't got many presents.

$$
\rightarrow \text { G20 }
$$

Example: Sam hasn't got much money. Sam hasn't got many ... .

A: It's ...'s birthday on ... . What can we buy for him/her?
B: He/She hasn't got much/many ... .
Let's buy ... for him/her.
A: No. That's boring/expensive/not a good idea. Let's get ... .
B: OK. How much is it/are they?
A: It's/They're ... . Go on, please.


## Invitations

Thank you for the invitation, Sam. When's your birthday?


1 Who is it from? $(\rightarrow$ p. 57/ex. 12)
a) Read the invitation and answer the questions.

Example: What does RSVP mean? - It means 'please answer'.

1. Who is the invitation from?

Who?
What?
When?
Where?
Why?
6. Why does Sam write an invitation?
b) What isn't on Sam's invitation? (His address? The date of

Because .... his party? The time of the party? His name?)
$\mathrm{D} 2,24 \odot 2$ The months of the year $(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .57 / \mathrm{ex} .13)$
a) Listen and say the months.

b) Now say the months in the correct order.

January, February, ... . Go on, please.

893 Let's talk: Days in the month
a) Make a list of the months. How many days are there in the months? Example: January - 31 days
b) Make a quiz for your partner.

A: It has got thirty-one days. It has got only three letters.
B: That's May.
A: It has got thirty days. It starts with an 'A'.
B: That's ... .
a) Listen and say the numbers.
b) Look at Sam's birthday list. When are the birthdays?

Example: His mum's birthday is on the twenty-first of May. His dad's birthday is .. Go on, please.

| Mum - 21st May | Lisa - 6th November | > You say: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dad - 10th December | Emma - 30th January | on the twenty-first of May |
| Grandma - 15th September | Me! - 3rd March | You write: |
| Terry - 22nd July |  | on 21st May |

## 5 What's the date? $(\rightarrow$ p. $57 / \mathrm{ex} .16)$

Read and say the dates.
Example: Tue., 23.02. - Tuesday, the twenty-third of February.

1. Fri., 30.12.
2. Wed., 11.05.
3. Sun., 04.07.
4. Thu., 20.10 .
5. Sat., 15.09.
6. Mon., 31.01.

## 6 Let's talk: When's your birthday? $\rightarrow$ p. 57/ex. 16)

a) Ask about birthdays in your group. Make a list.

A: When's your birthday?
B: It's on the ... of ... . When's your birthday?
C: It's on the ... of ... . When's ... ? Go on, please.
b) Do a class survey.

> Mon. = Monday
> Tue. = Tuesday
> Wed. $=$ Wednesday
> Thu. = Thursday
> Fri. = Friday
> Sat. = Saturday
> Sun. = Sunday

How many pupils have got a birthday in January, ... ?

## 7 A birthday calendar $(\rightarrow$ p. 57/ex. 16)

Make a birthday calendar for the pupils in your class.

## 8 For my folder: A party invitation ( $\rightarrow$ p.57/ex. 16)

Make an invitation to a party. Don't forget your name, your address and the time and date of the party. Here are three ideas.

1. Write it as a crossword puzzle.
2. Blow up a balloon and write on it.
3. Use magazine pictures of famous people.

They can give the information about the party.

## ${ }^{02,26-29}$ © Birthdays are fun

1. I like my birthday. Grandma and I make a big cake. That's fun. My friends come to our flat and we play games and eat a lot of good things. Grandma helps and my dad always gives me a great CD.
2. 

My birthday is in July. This year I want to have a party in the park and play football. My friends love football. Then I want to go to a burger bar with them. But I hope they don't sing "Happy Birthday"!


2 Revision: Yes or no? ( $\rightarrow$ p. 58/ex. 17-18)
Example: Does Sam make his cake? - + Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't.

1. Does Emma make her cake? +
2. Does Sam's dad give him a CD? -
3. Does Lisa write invitations? +
4. Does Terry want to have a party in the park? -
5. Does Sam get money from his parents? +
6. Does Emma's sister go to a friend's house? -
\& 3 Revision: I, me or my?
Complete the sentences.

| I | me | my |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| you | you | your |
| he | him | his |
| she | her | her |
| we | us | our |
| you | you | your |
| they | them | their |

1. We haven't got our invitations. Can you give them to ..., please?
2. Can you help me, please? I can't find ... birthday list.
3. I know them. They always invite us to ... parties.
4. His friends always give him cards. ... has got twenty this year.
5. Do you like the CD? It's for ... for your birthday.
6. She doesn't make her cake. Her mum makes it for ... .

A: Do you like birthdays?
B: Yes, I do.
A: What do you do?
B: I... .
A: Do you/your friends ...?
Go on, please.


D2,30 © 1 Let's listen: Birthday lists
a) Listen and match the people with one thing on their birthday list.
You can start like this:
Queen Elizabeth wants ... .


Bb) Listen again. Answer the questions about the things on the birthday lists.

1. What's too big for the Queen?
2. What's too small for two people?
3. Where can't Ben use English money?
4. Why is a dog a good thing for Jim's dad?

## 2 Sounds

a) Say the sentences.

$$
[f]
$$

Find funny furniture for five fed up friends.

Seven visitors visit the observatory in the


Chats with Charlie

| $[\mathrm{f}]$ | $[\mathrm{v}]$ | $[\mathrm{w}]$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Find funny furniture for <br> five fed up friends. | Seven visitors visit <br> the observatory in the | Who wants to work <br> on Wednesday? |

b) 1. Without you we forget every face.
2. Every week we watch five films on video.
3. Seventy-four women want to live west of King William Walk.

D2,33 ©) 3 A song: It's your day (Music: K-H. Böttcher; Lyrics: K-H. Böttcher, S. McBride)

Let's sing a song For you - for you! Happy birthday, Happy birthday To you!

Party time!
It's your day.
Fun and music That's OK.


## $02,34-38$ © Happy birthday, Sam! $\leftrightarrow$ stories $p$. 17)

1 Before you read: What do you know about Sam's birthday?

A It's lunchtime. Terry, Lisa and Emma are in the cafeteria. They have got invitations to a school disco.


But Grandma, I want to go to the disco. My friends want to go, too. - OK. You're right.


C Emma, Lisa and Terry leave the cafeteria and go into the playground. They aren't very happy.

D Sam's friends all come to his party at five o'clock. They sing "Happy Birthday" to him and give him his present.


E Two hours later Sam's new alarm clock rings. "What's that?"
"It's your new alarm clock, Sam," says Terry.
"Terry, how do you turn it off?" Sam shouts. Terry turns it off.

Lisa says, "Come on, Sam. It's time to go."

## 2 Because ... $(\rightarrow$ p. 59/ex. 19)

Example: Why can't the friends go to the disco this evening? Because Sam's birthday party is this evening, too.

1. Why are the children in the cafeteria?
2. Why does Sam ask his friends not to be late?
3. Why does Sam call his grandma?
4. Why do Sam's friends sing "Happy Birthday" to him?

## 友 3 Times and dates $(\rightarrow$ p. 59/ex. 19)

Here are six times or dates from the story.
Make questions on the story. Start with 'When ... ?'

1. at lunchtime
2. at $5: 00$
3. after lunch
4. at 7:30
5. Friday, 3rd March
6. at $7: 15$

Example: at lunchtime - When do the friends meet?

1 Alphabetical order $(\rightarrow$ p. $60 /$ ex. $20-22)$

## VOCABULARY SKILLS

## VOCABULARY

a) Say the alphabet in English. shop pound water ask
b) Put the words in the right order: apple, ask, ... CD pizza cheap
Go on, please.
c) Find them in the word list. party newsagent boring
expensive apple monem supermarket

## 2 Letter puzzles ( $\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .60 / \mathrm{ex}$. 20-22)

a) Look at the words in Exercise 1 again. Answer the letter puzzles.

Example: It has got five letters. It starts with ' $p$ ' and ends with ' $y$ '. - The word is party.

1. It has got nine letters. It starts with ' $n$ ' and ends with ' t '. - The word is ... .
2. It has got six letters. It starts with ' t ' and ends with ' t '.
3. It has got four letters. It starts with 's' and ends with ' p '.
b) Make more letter puzzles with a partner.

## 3 First letter ideas $(\rightarrow$ p. 60/ex. 20-22)

Look at the ideas for the word 'birthday' on the right.
Write more ideas for the words.

1. party
2. present
3. invitation
4. supermarket

B ig party
1 nvite friends
$R$ ap music
T hank you
H elp my parents
Draw a map
Are you happy?
$Y$ es, we are.

## 4 Birthday phrases $(\rightarrow$ p. 60/ex. 20-22)

What can you say to the people? Match the sentences.

1. It's your friend's birthday today.
2. You can't come to your cousin's party.
3. Your mum asks: What's the time?
4. Your teacher asks: What's the date today?
5. You want to invite a new pupil to your party.
6. You can't find a present for a friend's birthday.
a) It's Tuesday 23rd March.
b) Let's look in the department store.
c) I'm sorry. We're in Bristol on 16th February.
d) Happy Birthday!
e) Do you want to come to my party on Saturday?
f) It's quarter to eight.

1 What do you want for your birthday? $(\rightarrow$ p. 61/ex. 23-25)


skates
skate in the park with my friends
mouse put it in my bedroom

Write sentences about the things they want and what they want to do.
Example: Lisa wants a new mobile because she wants to play new games. Go on, please.

2 'Much' or 'many'? (much and many $\rightarrow$ G20) ( $\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .61 / \mathrm{ex} .23-25$ )
a) Lisa's mum checks the kitchen before Lisa goes shopping. Fill in the right word. Mrs Taylor: OK, Lisa. Let's write a list. How ... milk have we got?

Lisa: We haven't got ... milk, but we've got a lot of eggs. We haven't got ... cheese, and there aren't ... tomatoes.
Mrs Taylor: How ... tomatoes are there?
Lisa: Two and they're very old.
Mrs Taylor: OK. Write them on the list, please.
b) Write Lisa's shopping list.

3 In the shop $(\rightarrow \mathrm{G} 19)(\rightarrow$ p. 61/ex. 23-25)
a) Bottles, packets, bags or boxes? What does Lisa ask for?


Lisa: Good morning! I want ... milk ( 3 x ), ... cheese ( 4 x ), ... water ( 1 x ), $\ldots$ apples ( 1 x ), $\ldots$ tomatoes ( 2 x ), $\ldots$ crisps ( 2 x ), and ... cornflakes ( 2 x ), please.
b) One thing in Lisa's shopping bag isn't on the list. What is it?

## NOW YOU CAN

Write invitations
$\checkmark$ Say the dates
$\checkmark$ Describe your birthday

## Unit 6 Let's go to the country!

## D2,39 $\odot$ An invitation



Rose Tree House

Dear Grace, Ted and Terry, Our new home in the country is very different from our flat in London. It's so quiet here you can hear the fish in the river! I often go fishing on Saturdays. Kath sometimes comes with me, but she just plays with the dogs or picks flowers. There's a small river behind the house and there's a farm near us, too. The sheep wake us up every morning. Please come and stay with us soon. Wiltshire is beautiful in the spring. From Friday 13th to Sunday 15th May is OK with us. Our new address:
Rose Tree House, near Neston, Wiltshire
Love,
Kath, Bob and the dogs

The farm near us



The Jackson family 39 Hither Farm Road Greenwich

London SE3 8

## 1 A postcard from Wiltshire $(\rightarrow$ p.62/ex.1)

Terry's parents get a postcard from their friends, Kath and Bob.

Read it and write sentences about their friends. What do you know about them?
Example: The sheep wake Kath and Bob up every morning.

Things to write about:

Read it and write sentence about them?
invitation
 fish


[^1]
$\mathrm{D} 2,40 \odot 2$ Let's listen: What about me? $(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .62 / \mathrm{ex} .2)$
Match the people with the sentences.
Example: They are in the kitchen. - It's the Jacksons.

1. He comes in with a postcard.
2. They've got a new home near Bath.
3. She can visit Bath with Kath.
4. They can go fishing on Saturday.
5. He can go to Bath with his mum.


A street in Bath


Example: Picture 1 - Autumn is cold and foggy.
September, ... are in the autumn.
b) Look at the pictures again. What can children do in the autumn, the summer, the spring and the winter?
Example:In the autumn they can eat ...
\& c) What can you do in the four seasons?
4 Let's talk: My favourite season
A: What's your favourite season?
B: My favourite season is the ... . It's often
A: What months don't you like?
B: I don't like ... . It can be very ... in ... .

## 5 For my folder: The seasons

Where do you live? Write about the seasons there. Draw pictures for the seasons, too.


I live in
In the winter it is often very ... and ... . I (don't) like ... because ...

## ${ }_{02,41}$ © Friday, 13th May

A lot of people are outside number 39, Hither Farm Road.


1. It's $4: 00$ in the afternoon. The Jacksons are packing for their trip to Wiltshire. Emma and Lisa are carrying a box. Mrs Jackson is putting a cake in the car. Mr Jackson is reading the map. Tiger is sitting on the map. Terry is closing the window. Sam is talking to his dad.

1 Who is doing what? $(\rightarrow$ p. $63 /$ ex. $4-6)$
Make sentences about the family and friends.
2. It's $4: 30$ in the afternoon. Mr Jackson and the boys are waiting in the car. Mrs Jackson is closing the door. Mr Jackson is opening the car window. Emma and Lisa are feeding Tiger. Tiger is sitting on the wall. Terry is saying goodbye. Sam is sending a text message.


## 2 Question time ( $\rightarrow$ p. 64/ex.7)

Make questions about the pictures on page 80.
Answer the questions.
Example: It's 4:30. Is Mrs Jackson reading? - No, she isn't.

- Is she reading?
- Yes, she is.
- No, she isn't.
$\rightarrow$ G 22


2. 4:00 • Terry • sleep 4. 4:30 • Sam • send a text message

## 883 Let's talk: What are they doing? $(\rightarrow$ p. 64/ex. 8 )

B: Look at the pictures again and then close your book.
A: Ask questions.
A: It's $4: 30$. Are Sam and Terry sitting in the car?
B: Yes, they are.
A: It's 4:00. Are the Jacksons sitting on the wall?
B: No, they aren't.
A: ... Go on, please.

Are they sleeping?

- Yes, they are.
- No, they aren't.

What is Tiger doing?

- She is eating.

Where are the Jacksons going?

- They are going to Wiltshire.


## 4 At Rose Tree House

Make answers.
Example: Can you give this cake to Kath, please, Terry? (I / put on my shoes)

- Just a second. I'm putting on my shoes.


1. Can you open the door please, Sam? (I / look for my mobile)
2. Can you help me with this bag, please? (we / carry a big box)
3. Can you take the map, please, Terry? (I / look for my comic)
4. Can I borrow mum's mobile? (she / send a text message)

## 蜑 <br> 5 A miming game: What am I doing?

Mime an action. Can the others guess what you are doing?
A: OK. What am I doing?
B: Are you shouting?
A: No, I'm not.
C: OK. Are you barking?
A: No. I'm not.
D: Are you singing?
A: Yes, I am. Now it's your turn.


## ${ }_{02,4 \iota_{2} \odot}$ Are you joking, Terry? $\Leftrightarrow$ Stoiesp p p.18)

It's Saturday. Sam and Terry are helping Mr Hunter, the farmer. His farm is near Kath and Bob's house.

Sam: Oh, no! Can you look at this, Terry?
Terry: Hang on! My phone is ringing. Hello?
Emma: Hi, Terry. It's Emma. I'm calling from your kitchen. Lisa and I hope you aren't having fun without us!
Terry: Oh. Hello, Emma!
Emma: What's that noise? Have your friends got pigs?
Terry: No. They're Mr Hunter's pigs. He's a farmer, and Sam and I are helping him. He has got a lot of animals: pigs, cows, sheep -
Emma: Are you joking, Terry? You don't like farms. And it's Saturday afternoon. You and Sam always watch MTV on Saturday afternoons.


Terry: Well, today we aren't watching TV.

## 1 That's wrong $(\rightarrow$ p. 65/ex. $9-11)$

Read the text. What's wrong with the sentences?
Example: Sam and Terry are helping Bob.
That's wrong. They aren't helping Bob. They're helping ... .

1. Emma is calling Lisa.
2. Terry is feeding the cows.
3. Sam is checking the sheep.
4. Mum and Kath are visiting Bristol.
5. Dad and Bob are swimming.
6. Tiger is sitting in the kitchen.

They're eating $\rightarrow$ They aren't eating. She's eating $\rightarrow$ She isn't eating. $\rightarrow$ G 23

## 2 An e-mail for Sam $(\rightarrow$ p. 66/ex. 12-13)

> Hi Sam,
> How are you? We hope you're having fun. What are you doing? Are you fishing? Or are you watching MTV with Terry? I hope you aren't spending your time in front of the TV. Grandma hopes you aren't making work for the Jacksons and she hopes you're helping in the house.
> Bye, Dad

What does Sam write to his dad?
Example: Hi Dad! We're OK. I'm having a lot of fun. Today we're helping ... .
Terry is ... and I'm ... . Go on, please.

## \& 3 Back in Greenwich $(\rightarrow$ p. 66/ex. 13)

Sam and Terry are thinking about home. Are they right?
Example:1. Tiger isn't playing with a mouse. She's sitting on the shed.

play • sit


draw - write

eat. sleep

play • dance

watch e eat

D2,43 $\odot 4$ Let's talk: Phone calls $(\rightarrow$ p. 66/ex. 13; p. 67/ex. 14)
a) Listen to the dialogue.

Can we meet in the park at 4:00?
A: Hello?
B: Hi! It's ... . What are you doing?
A: I'm playing ... . And what about you?
B: I'm ... . Can we meet in ... at ...?
A: Yes. That's a good idea.
B: OK. Bye!
A: Bye!
\$8 b) Phone a partner about Saturday.


Later Terry and Sam are in Mr Hunter's shed. There are a lot of things in there, and there is a lot of rubbish, too. The boys are helping Mr Hunter.

Mr Hunter: Can you take those bottles outside, please, boys? Now, help me with this box here. OK. Let's open it. Can you give me that penknife over there, please, Sam?
Sam: Here you are, Mr Hunter.
Mr Hunter: Thank you, Sam. OK. Let's see what's in this bag. Oh, it's my tent. And there's an old penknife, but it's broken. What about that torch there, Terry? Is it working?
Terry: Yes, it is. And these sleeping bags are new.

1 Answer the questions. $(\rightarrow$ p. 68/ex. 15-16)

1. Where are Sam and Terry?
2. What are they doing?
3. What do they find with Mr Hunter?

2 The boys' questions ( $\rightarrow$ p. 68/ex. $17 ;$ p. 69/ex. 18) Put in 'this', 'that', 'these' or 'those.'

1. Where can we put ... bottles?
2. What's in ... boxes over there?
3. What's in ... bag over there?
4. Can we borrow ... tent here, please?


| here |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| - this/these | over there <br> - that/those <br> $\rightarrow G 24$ |

Please put these
apples in this
bag here.

> And put those apples in that bag over there.

$\mathrm{D} 2,45{ }^{\circ} 1$ Let's listen: Country sounds? $(\rightarrow$ p.69/ex. 19-20)
Listen to the sounds. What are they?
Are they town sounds or country sounds?
Example:1. Those are trains. That's a town sound.
2. Those are pigs. That's a ... . Go on, please.

$\mathrm{D} 2,46{ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ} 2$ Let's listen: Ten o'clock on Saturday morning $(\rightarrow$ p. 69/ex. 19-20)
Today Charlie chats on the phone with four young people in his show.
a) What are Sally, Tim, Paul and Tess doing? Find the right picture.

Example: 1. Sally is $\qquad$ That's picture b) ... .


Sally

1. b)



Tim
2. b)



Paul



Tess
4. b)

b) Listen again. Who knows the right answer to the quiz? Where's the information?


3 A game: Let's say ... $(\rightarrow$ p. 69/ex. 19-20)
A: Let's say it's nine o'clock on Saturday morning. What are you doing?
B: I'm eating breakfast. What are you doing?
C: I'm ... . Let's say ...
Go on, please.
D2,47 $\odot 4$ Sounds $(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .69 / \mathrm{ex} .19-20)$
Listen and say.

[ $\theta$ ] Don't think of things south of Bath.
[ð] Take these other bags to your brother over there.
D2,48 © 5 A song: Leaving town (Music: K-H. Böttcher, Lyrics: S. McBride) $(\rightarrow$ p. 69/ex. 19-20)
Get up! We're leaving town. We're in the country now.
Summer - the roof is down.
Oh, it's a beautiful day.
We're all OK.
Look, there's a funny cow!
Oh no, it's really a sheep.
Beep, beep! Beep, beep!

## ${ }_{49-53}^{\mathrm{D} 2} \bigcirc$ © Noises in the night $(\rightarrow$ Stories p. 199)

1 Before you read: Look at the picture.
What's happening?


A On Saturday Sam and Terry are sleeping in their tent in Kath and Bob's garden. It isn't cold and it isn't raining. They go to bed at eleven o'clock. Soon Sam is sleeping like a baby, but Terry can't sleep. He plays with his mobile.

B Sam: Yes, hello.
Terry: Sam. It's Terry. I'm at the river.
Sam: What are you doing there? Are you fishing?
Terry: No! I'm not fishing! Don't be stupid! It's twelve-thirty! I'm watching two men.
Sam: Oh! And what are they doing? Are they fishing?
Terry: No, they aren't. They're carrying boxes and bags from their car to the bushes.
Sam: Oh. What's in the boxes?
C Ten minutes later Sam arrives at the river. He and Terry find the boxes and bags.
Terry: Let's open this big box first, Sam. Have you got your penknife?
Sam: Yes. Wow! Look at this, Terry. Old laptops.
Terry: What about that box over there? Can you open it, too?
Sam: Yes. It's a computer! But it looks broken. It's all rubbish, Terry.
Terry: And what's in those bags near the tree?
Sam: Shh! Listen! I can hear a car.
Terry: They're coming back. Quick - let's hide under the bridge. We can see them from there.
The car stops at the bridge. A man gets out.

D Terry: Dad! What are you doing here?
Mr Jackson: What am I doing? I'm looking for two boys. Your mum is very worried. What are you two doing?


E At 8:00 Mr Jackson phones the police. Later at breakfast, he tells the boys about his phone call.

## 2 A puzzle ( $\rightarrow$ p.70/ex. 21)

a) Add the right sentences to the pictures.

Terry is watching the men.
Sam is sleeping.
Terry is phoning Sam.
The men are driving away.
Mr Jackson is phoning the police.
Terry is showing his dad the boxes.

b) Put the pictures in the right order.


友 3 Parts of the story $(\rightarrow$ p.70/ex. 21)
a) Give each part of the story a title.

Example: Part A: Terry can't sleep. / Terry leaves the tent. / ... Part B: Sam ... .
b) Choose one part of the story. Act it in class.

1 Guess the word. ( $\rightarrow$ p.71/ex. 22-23)

## VOCABULARY SKILLS

## VOCABULARY

2. It's a season. It's often foggy. The trees are yellow and red.

Answer:
3.

It's old bottles and boxes.
You don't want it. People leave it in fields and parks.
4.

It's small. You can open a box with it. You can pick flowers with it. Answer: ...

Answer: ..

It's a tree. There's a tree in our garden.

882 A quiz: Make sentences. $\rightarrow$ p. $71 / \mathrm{e}$
Draw six pictures on cards. Show them to
your partner. He/She says the word and
892 A quiz: Make sentences. $\rightarrow$ p. $71 / \mathrm{e}$
Draw six pictures on cards. Show them to
your partner. He/She says the word and makes a sentence with it.

3 Plural forms ( $\rightarrow$ p.71/ex. 22-23)
a) Look at the pictures. Make two lists.

Example: plurals with $-\mathrm{s} |$| different plurals |
| :--- |
| cows |


b) Add more plural forms to your lists.

1 What are they doing? $(\rightarrow G 21, G 23)(\rightarrow$ p. $72 /$ ex. $24-25)$


Example: In picture one Terry is feeding the pigs. In picture two he isn't ... .
He's ... .
2 What aren't they doing? $(\rightarrow$ G23 $)(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .72 / \mathrm{ex} .24-25)$

Example:1. They aren't riding bikes. $\qquad$ go | read ride |
| :--- | :--- |

Co


3 Some days are different. $(\rightarrow$ G22 $)(\rightarrow$ p. $72 /$ ex. $24-25)$ It's Sunday morning. What are they doing?


Example: 1. Are Ted and Bob working in the garden? No, they aren't. They're ... .
2. ... watching MTV? ... .
3. ... talking on the phone? ... .
4. ... playing the drums? ... .

```
NOW YOU CAN
    \ Describe the weather
    \ Phone your friend
    V Write a postcard
```


## Unit 7 The school year

© Big events $(\rightarrow$ р.73/ex1)

## September



We make lanterns for the Thames Festival Lantern Procession on the last weekend of September.


## December

A lot of pupils act in the school play every year. At the moment we are rehearsing Cats. The songs are great, and we can use make-up and paint our faces.


## March



Every March, Year Seven has a disco. They organize it and sell tickets.

Sports day is great! We can invite our friends and families to school. It's on the third Saturday in June. Terry is really good at the long jump!

## 1 When are the events?

Example: The Lantern Procession is in ... .
Sports day is on ... . Go on, please.


## 2 The year at Thomas Tallis

Look at the pictures of activities at Thomas Tallis.
Match the pictures with the sentences.
Example: Pupils do different sports. - That's picture number 4.

1. Pupils act in a play for parents, teachers and other pupils.
2. Pupils from Years 7 and 8 make lanterns and walk along the Thames.


Year Seven disco
3. You can meet new friends, dance and listen to great music.
$\mathrm{D} 3,2$ © 3 Let's listen: An idea for a stall $(\rightarrow$ p. $73 /$ ex. 2 )
The drama club is talking about their stall for the summer fair.
One word in each sentence is wrong.
Example: The fair is in June. - The word 'June' is wrong.

1. We want to collect a lot of books this year.
2. Our idea is to paint dog faces.
3. We've already got the money.

4. We're all doing different things at the club.

## 4 Let's talk: School events

Choose an event and mime it. Can the others guess the event?

5 For my folder: Our school year
Compare your school year with the school year at Thomas Tallis.


> Our school year sometimes starts in .... We haven't got a ... in September. But we've got a ... in ... . Our summer fair/sports day/school play is in ... .

## Sports day at Thomas Tallis



Today is sports day at Thomas Tallis School. In the picture a lot of pupils are doing different sports. A reporter is watching them. A teacher is timing the runners. Other pupils are waiting for the next race. Parents are watching their children and clapping.

## 1 Who's doing what?

Match the numbers in the picture with the activities.
Example: run a race - number 3
2 Describing a picture $(\rightarrow$ p.74/ex.3)

| At the moment |
| ---: | ---: |
| Right now |
| Today |$|$| I'm talking |
| :--- |

a) Look at the picture. What's the reporter saying?


## 3 Yes, he is. $\rightarrow$ p. 75/ex. 6 )

Look at the picture on page 94 again. Find the right answer.
Example: Is Charlie reporting on sports day? - Yes, he is.

1. Is Terry running a race?
2. Is Lisa doing the long jump?
3. Are the teachers playing football?
4. Are the parents clapping?
5. Is Jade eating an ice-cream?
\& 4 'Do' or 'doing'? ( $\rightarrow$ p. 74/ex. 4 ; p.75/ex. 6 )


The teachers help every year. They are helping at the moment.

Example: Terry ... sports every week. (do) - He ... the long jump now. (do) Terry does sports every week. - He is doing the long jump now.

1. Sam never ... water at home. He ... a bottle of water at the moment. (drink)
2. The pupils ... in the park on Saturdays. This afternoon they ... a race. (run)
3. Ben often ... sports after school. He ... cricket right now. (play)
4. The parents always ... fun at sports day. They ... a lot of fun today. (have)
\& 5 What's different? $(\rightarrow$ p. 74/ex. $5 ;$ p. 75/ex. 6))
What do the friends often do on Saturday afternoons? What are they doing now? Example: Terry often plays ... . Right now he is talking ... .


Set's talk: Sports pictures $(\rightarrow$ p. 75/ex. 6 )
Bring in a sports picture. Don't show it to your group.
They ask 'yes/no' questions and guess what's in the picture.
A: Have you got a picture
B: Yes, he has. of a man?
D: Is he playing basketball?
B: Yes, I have.
$B$ : Yes, he is.
C: Has he got a ball?
Go on, please.

jam butter
All the English classes at Thomas Tallis must welcome the Ukrainian exchange pupils. What can they do? They are collecting ideas with their teacher.

Mrs Carter: I must talk to you about the Ukrainian exchange visit. How can we welcome the visitors?
Sam: Miss, what about an English afternoon tea?
Mrs Carter: Yes, Sam. That's a great idea.
Emma: We can make sandwiches they're easy.
Mrs Carter: Fine. But we must have cakes, too. We can -
Terry: You must ask Sam, Miss. His chocolate cakes are fantastic!

1 'Must' or 'needn't'? $(\rightarrow$ p.76/ex. $7-8$ )
Example:The cake needn't be English.


We must make scones. We needn't make pizza.

## The cake

The class
Terry
Sam
Mrs Carter
make two chocolate cakes.
talk to the class about the exchange. ask the Ukrainian kids.
make scones for the visitors.
be English.
use Ukrainian.

## 892 Let's talk: Afternoon tea ( $\rightarrow$ p.76/ex.7)

What must you have for an English afternoon tea?
Talk to a partner about it.
A: We must have ... for our afternoon tea.
B: No, we needn't have ... but we must have ... .
A: OK. And what about ...?
B: That's right. And we must have ..., too.
A: OK. Let's make a list.

$\square$
1 Things to do $(\rightarrow$ p.76/ex.9)
Look at the picture. What things can you do at a summer fair? What about food and drinks? Write a list.

## Example:

You can buy lemonade, ... .
Go on, please.


D3, ©) 2 Let's listen: At the fair $(\rightarrow$ p.76/ex.9)
4-6
a) Listen and add more things to your list.
b) 1. What are the pupils selling?
2. What is Charlie looking for?
3. Who puts water on Charlie's shoes and bag?
c) Listen again and match the sentences with the right words.

They are in the playground.
They cost 50p.
Pupils throw them at their friends.
They use the money for new books. The pupils needn't do it.


A: Hello. Can I help you?
B: Yes, how much are your ... , please?
A: They're ... .
A: Yes, of course. Here you are. That's ... , please.

B: OK. Can I have ... , please?

A It's 4:00 on the day of the school fair. Emma and Lisa are selling pizzas. A young man comes to the burger stall next to the pizza stall. She knows his face, but she doesn't know who he is.
"Emma, don't look now, but can you see that bloke behind me at the burger stall?" asks Lisa. Emma looks behind Lisa.
"Is he wearing a black cap and a red T-shirt?" asks Emma.
"Yes," says Lisa. "Do you know him?"


B Ten minutes later Lisa comes back to the pizza stall. "So what's his name, Lisa? Have you got his autograph?" asks Emma.
"No," says Lisa. "I can't find him."
"But he must be here in the school. That door goes to the classrooms. I can look with you, but we must find him!

C It's Mr Rose. He's in the corridor with a man and a woman. "Hello, Lisa. Hi, Emma," says Mr Rose. "Where's the fire?"
"Sorry, Sir," says Emma. "There's no fire. We're looking for a ... a -"
"Boy, Sir," says Lisa. "Er ... we're looking for Lisa's brother, Ben Taylor."


D The teachers say goodbye and go into the hall. "We can't find him now," says Lisa. "Let's go back to the stall." The two girls are very unhappy.

Sam and Terry are talking to Amina. There is a young man with her. Emma and Lisa can see his red T-shirt, but they can't see his face. The two girls walk past Amina, and then they see the young man's face. It's the actor from Eastenders! "Excuse me," says Lisa. "Can we have your autograph, please?"


1 Who says what? $(\rightarrow$ p.77/ex. 10$)$
Make a list of the people in the story. Match them with the sentences.
Example: He's here with the Ukrainian exchange. - That's Paul.

1. Do you know him?
2. So what's his name?
3. I can't find him.
4. Where's the fire?
5. Let's go back to the stall.
6. Can we have your autograph, please?

## 2 Places in the story $(\rightarrow$ p. $77 /$ ex. 10$)$

What is happening at these places?
At the pizza stall
At the burger stall


Outside the hall
Examples: At the pizza stall Emma and Lisa are ... .
At the burger stall the young man ... .

1 Words with two meanings $(\rightarrow$ p. $78 /$ ex. $12-14)$

## VOCABULARY SKILLS

Look at the underlined words in these sentences.
What do they mean?

1. I am in Year Seven.
2. There are twelve months in a year.
3. We always have our tea at six o'clock.
4. I don't like tea with milk.
5. The soap is in the bathroom.
6. My favourite soap is on TV now.
7. You can draw a line here.
8. I must learn my lines for the play.
9. The word is in line 54 .


2 Make word stars. $(\rightarrow$ p.78/ex. 12-14)


3 A game: The white elephant stall $(\rightarrow$ p. 78/ex. 12-14)
A: What are you bringing for the white elephant stall?
B: I'm bringing an old English book.
C: I'm bringing an old English book and a big green bottle.
D: I'm bringing an old English book, a big green bottle and a ... .
Go on, please.

At a white elephant stall you bring and buy different things.


1 What must and what needn't they do? $(\rightarrow$ p. $79 /$ ex. $15-17)$
Match the pictures with the sentences. What must or needn't these people do?

You must meet my teacher.
We needn't buy all of them. She must be in a hurry!

I must find the caretaker.
You needn't shout!
You needn't put it in a box.

\& 2 Saturday at the school fair $(\rightarrow$ G14, G21) $(\rightarrow$ p. 79/ex. 15-17)
Choose the right form of the verb and write sentences about the people.

1. On Saturdays Mr Rose often ... to town. Today he ... to Thomas Tallis. (go)
2. On Saturdays Terry often ... the breakfast. Today he ... pizzas. (make)
3. On Saturdays Mrs Carter often ... food for the family. Today she ... books. (buy) 4. On Saturdays Lisa often ... a ball for Barker. Today she ... sponges. (throw)
\& 3 Tom's sports day $(\rightarrow$ G21, G23) $(\rightarrow$ p.79/ex. 15-17) What is Tom doing? What isn't he doing?

Example: 1. Tom is doing the long jump.
He isn't making tea.

1. do the long jump • make tea
2. swim • wash
3. time the runners • wake up Sam

4. run a race . run away from the cat
5. play cricket • draw a picture

## NOW YOU CAN

$\checkmark$ Describe your school year
$\checkmark$ Describe school events
Say what you must or needn't do

## Unit 8 Ukraine

## INFORMATION FILE

- Name - Ukraine
- Population - 46 million people
- Ethnic groups - Ukrainians 72\%,
- Area - 603,700 km²
- Water - 7\%
$\rightarrow$ Capital - Kyiv
- Currency - hryvnia (UAH)
- Official language - Ukrainian
- Government - a republic with a president




## Grammar Point - a/an/the/0 article

- I live in a village near Kyiv.
- The village is very small.
- There are mountains in Western Ukraine.
- The mountains are called the Carpathians.


## We use the

| For unique things and objects: the Sun, the Earth.

* With the names of mountains, rivers, seas and oceans: the Carpathians, the Dnipro, the Black Sea, the Atlantic Ocean.
1 With the superlative of adjectives: The longest river is the Dnipro.


## Correct the mistakes.

1. Crimean mountains are in the South of Ukraine.
(The Crimean Mountains are in the South of Ukraine.)
2. What colour is sky?
3. The stars are beautiful tonight.
4. Kyiv is situated on the both banks of Dnipro.
5. I want to go to Black Sea.

Complete. Use $a$, an or the where necessary.

1. Olesia lives in $\boldsymbol{a}$ village. The village is near Lviv.
2. There is $\qquad$ church in Olesia'svillage.
$\qquad$ church is very old.
3. There are $\qquad$ mountains near Olesia's village. $\qquad$ mountains are not very high.
4. Olesia's friend Tania lives in $\qquad$ small town.
5. The name of $\qquad$ town is Bila Tserkva.
6. Tania sends $\qquad$ photo to Olesia. _ _ photo shows Oleksandriya Park.


1 Nazar and Oksana are looking at the map of Ukraine
Nazar: We live in Ukraine, the second largest country in Europe. Our parents and grandparents live here too. Ukraine is our homeland.
Oksana: Ukraine is a very beautiful country. It is washed by the Black Sea and the Sea of Azov. There are a lot of fields, forests, rivers
 and lakes in our country. The longest river is the Dnipro.
Nazar: What I like about Ukraine is Kyiv. It is the capital of our country. There are a lot of universities and institutes in Kyiv. I want to study in Kyiv.
Oksana, Nazar: We love Ukraine and we love our capital city Kyiv.

## 2 Let's talk

Student $A$ spells the name of a city, a town or a village and student $B$ writes it down. Do it in turns.

## 893 Choose a city. Ask and answer.

- Is it east of Kyiv? No, it isn't.
- Is it west of Kyiv? Yes, it is.
- Is it Lviv? Yes, it is .

4 Match the pictures and the names.


## 5 Let's talk

Listen to Nazar and Oksana and make up similar dialogues using pictures from exercise 4
Nazar Let's go somewhere this summer.
Oksana Good idea! Where?
Nazar What about mountains?
Oksana Sounds nice. Let's go to the Carpathians.
Nazar Why do you want to go there?
Oksana Well, I like mountains, and now, look at this picture.
Nazar Wow! It's beautiful. What is this?
Oksana The Carpathians.
Nazar OK, let's go there then.

## - 6 Let's listen

D3,12 Ukrainians are a truly musical nation. They like to dance, to sing and they can play different folk instruments. Listen and number the pictures

A ___ kobza
B __ bandura
C $\qquad$ sopilka

D $\qquad$ buben

## Writing

Write the e-mail again. Put capital letters in the correct places.
To: annsmith_12@gmail.com
Subject: Independence Day dear ann, today is friday the $24^{\text {th }}$ of august and i'm in kyiv, the capital of Ukraine. i'm in independence square. there are thousands of Ukrainians here today because it's the independence day of ukraine. I attach photos.
love,
oksana


## Project I

1 Draw a map of your country.
2 Choose the part of your country you want to visit and draw it on the map.
3 Find pictures to illustrate this part of the country.

## 4 Present to the class

1. I want to visit ....
2. It is in the East/ West/ South/ North/ centre of Ukraine.
3. I can swim/sunbathe/climb/walk/go sightseeing/pick flowers /etc. /there.
4. There is/are ... there.
5. I can see ... there.
6. I like ...... very much.

## Project II

Present your native city, town or village.

1. My name is...
2. I live in ....
3. It is in the East/West/South/North/centre of Ukraine.
4. There is a $\ldots, \ldots$ and $\ldots$ in my ... .
5. You can see ... here too.
6. I like my... very much.

Do you know that...

- the geographic centre of Europe is in Ukraine near a small town of Rahiv.
- the Ukrainian language is the second most melodious in the world, after Italian.
- there are the monuments to a famous Ukrainian poet, Taras Shevchenko, in 1200 places around the world.
- Ukraine is a 4th educated nation in the world:with only $1 \%$ of world's population Ukraine has $6 \%$ of the world's scientists.
- there is a children railway in Dnipro.
- the Arsenalna metro station in Kyiv is the deepest one in the world.
- McDonalds near Kyiv railway station is the third-most visited McDonalds in the world.
- the first ABC book was made by Ivan Fedorov in Lviv in 1574.


## Unit 9 English and Ukrainian holidays

## Greetings and wishes

Happy New Year!
Merry Christmas!
Happy Valentine Day!
Best wishes for a happy Easter!
Many happy returns of the day!
May all your dreams come true!


1 Fill in the gaps with the words from the box. Match the poems with the greeting cards.
a) Christmas
b) New Year
d) Valentine
e) Mother's Day
c) Thanksgiving

Here's a special 1).
With lots of love for you,
And since you're very special
Here are hugs and kisses, too
It's Mom's Day!
And I am here to do my favourite activity of the day...
Guess what?
Mmmmm...Putting my arms round you
And giving you tight sqqqqeeeeze to say...
You are the best!


Happy 2). $\qquad$ !
Having a friend like you Means always having
Big helpings of support and love and fun Wishing you a 3).
As special as you are to me!
Wishing you 12 month of happiness, 52 weeks of fun 365 days of success 8760 hours of good health


525600 minutes of good luck 3153600 seconds of joy
Best wishes for a Merry 4). $\qquad$
And a Happy 5). $\qquad$ !

## 2 Read the information and do a group project of Christmas celebrations

Christmas is an important festival in Britain and Ukraine. December $25^{\text {th }}$ is Christmas Day in Great Britain. January $7^{\text {th }}$ is Christmas Day in Ukraine. People buy presents and cards for their friends and family. Houses and shops have pine trees with lights and decorations called Christmas trees.

On Christmas Eve evening children leave big red stockings by their beds for presents. Santa Claus comes at
 night and leaves presents in the stockings.
In Ukraine Christmas is the most beloved festival. On Christmas Eve (Sviat Vechir) the family gathers around the table for a holy supper of twelve symbolic dishes. The supper begins when the first star appears in the sky. First everyone takes a spoonful of kutia. Carols usually end the evening and signal the start of koliadki.

## 89

4 Read the text about Easter in Britain and Ukraine.
Make a drawing of an Easter egg
Easter is in spring. In Britain Easter starts on Good Friday. People give children chocolate eggs for Easter.
Pysanka is the traditional Easter egg in Ukraine. The first Easter meals begins when the head of the family cuts pysanka into small pieces and gives them to each member of the family.

## 5 Read the information about April Fool's Day and write three more April Fool lies

The first day of April is full of fun. It is April Fool's Day. People tell lies and play tricks. If somebody believes the lie, say, "April Fool".
Here are some April Fool lies:
'There is a spot on your dress'
'We're having a test today'


6 a) Read the information about March 8. Make a list of things mothers do for their children. Compare it with the lists of your classmates

In Ukraine March 8 is Women's Day. It is official day off. On this day, men present flowers and gifts to their women: wives, mothers, sisters and daughters.
Mother's day is the second Sunday in May. On this day children make cards or gifts for their mothers. They can write thank-you-letters to their mothers too.

b) Write a thank-you-letter to your mother.

Dear Mum,
I love you very much! I thank you for $\qquad$

With love,

## 7 a) Learn about the Day of Knowledge and make a poster about it

***The Day of Knowledge is celebrated at the time when all students begin their new year studies. After a fun filled hot summer students are going back to the "Land of Knowledge". The day starts with meetings held next to each school. You can see many nicely dressed students with bunches of flowers everywhere.
b) Put the sentences in the correct order.

1. It is not safe. Instead, towns, cities, and even neighbourhoods have big parties for children.
2. People who answer the doors put treats into the children's bags. In many towns and cities now, children do not go out to trick or treat.
3. Some children go out to trick or treat on Halloween. They go from door to door, ring doorbells, and call out, "Trick or treat!"
4. Children who go to the parties get treats. They eat oranges and chocolate cakes and cookies, and drink lemonade. They may turn the lights down and tell scary stories about ghosts, monsters, witches and black cats. After all, that's what Halloween is all about!
5. Halloween - that's a specil holiday for children in the United States. It is a time when they can dress up as ghosts, witches, monsters, animals, or other things.

Read the dialogue. Make your own dialogues.

- What's your favourite holiday?
- New Year's Day.
- Why?
- The New Year tree is so beautiful and there are gifts under it too.
- Well, and besides we have winter vacations then, right?

- Yes, we can play snowballs, ski, skate and make a snowman too. What holiday do you like best?
- I think I like my Birthday most of all.


## Stories

## Sam ( $\rightarrow$ p.18)

Emma: Are we in the right classroom, Lisa?
Lisa: Yes, we are.
Emma: Mrs Carter isn't here. Are you sure?
Lisa: Yes, I am. Look, here's Terry.
Terry: Hi! Where's Sam? Is he here, too?
Lisa: No, he isn't.
Emma: Who's Sam? Is he a friend from your old school?
Lisa: Yes, he is. And he's always late!
Emma: You're lucky, you two. I'm not from Greenwich. My friends aren't at Thomas Tallis.
Lisa: Yes, they are.
Emma: No, they aren't! They're in Bristol.
Lisa: They're here, too - we're your new friends, Emma! (Brr! Brr!)
Terry: Hey, that's my mobile. - Hi, Sam! What's up? Where - ?
Emma: Terry!!! Here’s Mrs Carter.
Terry: Bye, Sam. Hello, Mrs Carter. Er - sorry!
Mrs Carter: That's OK. Good morning, boys and girls.

No problem! $\rightarrow$ p. 22)
A It is lunchtime. Emma is in the cafeteria with Lisa.
Emma: Look - here's Terry. He's cool.
Lisa: Cool? He's -
Emma: Sssh!
Terry: Listen, you two. Here's a new joke. What's a word with twenty-six letters?
Emma: That's easy! The word is 'alphabet'. Right?
Terry: Uh, yes.
Lisa: That isn't a new joke, Terry. It's a boring old joke. Your jokes are always boring.
Emma: Lisa, that's not very nice. You and Terry are friends.
Terry: No, we aren't. Goodbye, Lisa!
B Lisa and Emma are in the playground now.

Lisa: Let's play. Here you are!
Emma: Oh, no! I'm not good at Lisa: Oops! The ball is in the tree.
Emma: Oh, Lisa. I'm sorry!
C Now Sam and Terry are in the playground, too. Sam: Hello. What's the problem?
Emma: It's the ball. It's in the tree.
Sam: That's no problem - not for Terry and me.
Terry: Is it your ball, Emma?
Emma: No, it isn't.
Terry: Oh, is it your ball, Lisa?
Lisa: Yes, it is.
Terry: Hm. Your ball - your problem.
Sam: Terry! You and Lisa are friends.
Terry: Friends? No, we aren't. My jokes are boring.
Lisa: I'm sorry, Terry. Your jokes are OK.
Emma: Please, Terry.
Terry: OK, OK.

## Emma, help me! $\rightarrow$ p. 32)

Emma has got a big sister, Nasreen. Their bedroom is small, so they have got only one wardrobe. Nasreen hasn't got a lot of time now. Her friends are outside, so she's in a hurry. But her new T-shirt isn't in the wardrobe. Her parents haven't got it, but what about her sister?
Nasreen: Emma? Where are you?
Emma: In the bathroom. What's up?
Nasreen: Where's my new pink T-shirt, Emma? Hurry up! I'm late. Have you got it?
Emma: No, I haven't. Look on the shelf in the wardrobe.
Nasreen: It isn't there. Where is it? You've got two seconds!
Emma: OK, OK! It has er, em - it has got a mark on it.
Nasreen: A mark? Emma, you're in big trouble!
(Later)
Emma: Dad!! Where's Nasreen? She has got my Discman. Just because her T-shirt -
Mr Brook: That's your problem, Emma. I haven't got a Discman and I haven't got a pink T-shirt. Sort it out with your sister.

## Ghosts in Hither Farm Road? $(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .36)$

A One Saturday afternoon Terry is in his shed in the garden.
Tiger, the Jacksons' cat, is on the roof of the shed. Terry has got his dad's laptop on one of his drums. He is busy with a new music project. But he has got a problem. The laptop is not very good. It is really slow. He is fed up.

B Who can help? Sam hasn't got a laptop. But what about Emma? He has got Emma's phone number, and he is lucky: she is at home! Emma has got a new laptop and Terry can borrow it.

She has got homework, but she can come over in an hour. Terry is happy now. He can finish his project.

C An hour later, there is a knock on the door of the shed. It is Emma with her new laptop. Terry is really happy to see Emma. Now they can finish his project. And Emma is a great help. They have got a lot of problems, but Emma is really good with computers.

Two hours later, Emma can go home. But she isn't very happy. It is late and it is already dark outside.

D Emma: Terry, it's spooky here. There are strange noises outside.
Terry: Oh, Emma! It's only the wind in the trees. We haven't got ghosts in Hither Farm Road! But I can take you home.
Emma: OK, Terry. That's really nice of -
Suddenly there is a terrible noise outside! Emma is really scared.
Emma: Aargh!!! Terry! What's that?
Terry: I'm not sure. Let's look!
It is dark outside, but they can see two yellow eyes under the window. Meow, meow!
Terry: Tiger! You stupid cat. Your bed is in the kitchen. It isn't on the roof of the shed! Come on, Emma. Let's go!

Barker's story $(\rightarrow$ p. 50)
A Hello. I'm Barker. My people are the Taylors - Richard and Susan and their children, Lisa, Ben and Jade. The Taylor family lives in my house. I love the Taylors!

B Every morning at half past seven I wake up Lisa and wash her face. Lisa is my friend. Then she washes her face again. After that, we make our breakfast.

C At twenty past eight the children go to school. I help Susan in the house, or I play in the garden. Sometimes a cat comes into our garden, but I don't like cats. I always bark, and then they run away.

D In the afternoons Susan and I go to our café. I often sit behind the window, and I say 'Hello!' when people come in. I'm a very nice dog.

E On Saturdays I don't work, and Lisa doesn't go to school. I take Lisa to the park. I often teach Lisa tricks. I sometimes bring Lisa her ball. She often gets lost in the park. Then she calls my name. I always find Lisa again.

F On Sundays I go out of town with my people in our car. There are always a lot of cars. Sometimes there are dogs in the cars, too. We bark. It's great fun!

G In the evenings my people often watch TV. Then we play a game. I watch TV, too. I sit in front of it, and they throw shoes. I take the shoes into Lisa's bedroom. I like shoes!

H At nine o'clock I take Lisa to bed. She's nice, so she can always sleep in my bed. I've got a very nice bed in the kitchen, too. But I sometimes sleep on my big bed in the bedroom. After my busy day I'm always dog-tired.

Cool idea, Sam! $\rightarrow$ p. 64)
A At nine o'clock on Wednesday morning the groups of pupils in Year Seven leave the school with their worksheets. Terry, Lisa, Emma and Sam take the number 386 bus to King William Walk. Then they walk to the Cutty Sark Museum. It is half past nine. There are no people at the museum. Then Sam reads the sign. Hours: 10:00-17:00, from Monday to Saturday.
Sam: Let's go to the Foot Tunnel first. That's my topic! Then we can come back here.

B They go to Cutty Sark Gardens next to the Foot Tunnel. It is quarter to ten. They see three people and ask them questions. Lisa speaks to a young man.

Lisa: Excuse me. We're from Thomas Tallis School. Have you got time to ...? Young man: Sorry. I haven't got time. I'm late.
Sam asks a woman.
Sam: Excuse me. Can you help us, please?
Woman: Sorry. No English.
Terry is lucky. An old man has got time.
Terry: Good morning. Excuse me, but have you got time for our questions?

Old man: Of course. I've got a lot of time. What do you want to know?
Terry: Great. Thank you - er! First question: Do you live in Greenwich?
Old man: No, I don't. I live in Poland. I'm a visitor here. I don't know Greenwich.
Terry: Oh, no! Well, thank you.
Emma: Oh, this is terrible. Let's go to the Cutty Sark.
C It is quarter past ten. The children go back to the Cutty Sark Museum. At quarter to eleven they have got only three answers. It is cold and then it starts to rain.
Terry: Let's go to Greenwich Park now and do my survey.
Lisa: Oh, this is so boring. Let's go to mum's café now.
Emma: But what about our worksheets, Lisa?
Sam: I've got an idea. Mr Rose can't tell where we get the answers from. Let's make them up.
Emma: We can't do that.
Sam: Terry, you can ask me. I can ask you. Then I can ask Emma and she can ask Lisa. Mr Rose can't find out.
Emma: You two are terrible! And what about your mum, Lisa? She isn't stupid.
Lisa: My mum isn't in the café this morning.
D The children go to Mrs Taylor's café. They find a table and start to do the answers. At half past eleven Mr Rose comes into the café. The friends are busy and they don't see him.

Mr Rose: Hi, you four! Have you got all the answers?
Terry: Oh, Mr Rose! No, we, we -
Lisa: We are -
Emma: - on the way to the Royal Observatory.
Terry: Yes, Lisa just wants to go to the toilet.
Lisa: Oh, yes. I want to go to the toilet.
Mr Rose: Well, hurry up! It's twenty-five to twelve now. Be back here at one o'clock for lunch. Good luck!
Four friends: Thank you, Mr Rose.

## Shopping for Sam's party $(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .70)$

Sam: OK, Grandma. I think we've got all the things on our list. And there's no chocolate!
Grandma:Very good. We eat too much chocolate. Now, what about your birthday? Do you want a cake?
Sam: Well ... yes. But can I make it this year?

Grandma:Yes, of course. Do you want to have a party?
Sam: Oh yes, Grandma, there's a new burger bar -
Grandma:Sam, I'm sorry. That's too expensive. What about a pizza from Mario's?
Sam: Oh no, Grandma. We don't like Mario's pizzas and they aren't cheap.
Grandma:Well, why don't you all make your favourite pizzas? You and your friends can put all your favourite things on them. How many friends do you want to invite?
Sam: Just three - Terry, Lisa and Emma. Is that OK?
Grandma:Yes, of course it is. Let's get all the things now. Do you want to make a cheese cake?
Sam: No. Can I have a chocolate cake, please?
Grandma:Well ... OK, Sam. But only because it's your birthday. Let's go find the chocolate for you.

## Happy birthday, Sam! $(\rightarrow$ p.76)

A It's lunchtime. Terry, Lisa and Emma are in the cafeteria. They have got invitations to a school disco. There is only one problem. The disco is today and Sam's birthday party is today, too. They have got his present and Sam is very excited about his party. But the friends really want to go to the disco.

What can they do? "Let's tell him we want to go to the disco," says Terry.
"We can't do that," says Lisa.
"But," says Terry, "I want to go to -"
"Shh!" says Emma, "There's Sam."
Sam sits with his friends.
B "Hi!" says Sam, "Don't forget my party this evening. Five o'clock and don't be late!"
"But you're always late," Lisa says and they all laugh. "We're really excited, Sam." An invitation to the disco is on the table.
Terry sees it and he kicks Lisa under the table. But Sam sees the invitation. "What's this, Lisa?" Sam asks.
"It's - it's only an invitation to a disco, Sam," says Lisa. She gives Sam the invitation and he reads it.
"Great! A disco!" he says. Then he looks again. "Oh, the third of March. That's too bad. Well, we can dance at my birthday party, too. We can't have a disco, but we can play CDs. And there are a lot of good things to eat."

C Emma, Lisa and Terry leave the cafeteria and go into the playground. They aren't very happy. Sam calls his grandma on his mobile. Then Emma comes into the cafeteria again. Sam doesn't see her, but she listens to him.

Oh, no! Sam wants to go to the disco, too! Emma runs into the playground and finds Terry and Lisa. She has got an idea, and she tells her friends about it. They all think it is a very good idea.

D Sam's friends all come to his party at five o'clock. They sing "Happy Birthday" to him and give him his present. There's a funny noise inside the box. What can it be? He opens the box. "An alarm clock?!" Sam says and smiles. Sam and his friends have a good time at the party. They make pizzas, drink lemonade and eat Sam's birthday cake.

E Two hours later Sam's new alarm clock rings. "What's that?"
"It's your new alarm clock, Sam," says Terry.
"Terry, how do you turn it off?" Sam shouts. Terry turns it off.
Lisa says, "Come on, Sam. It's time to go."
"Go where?" Sam asks.
"Your second birthday present is outside," says Emma.
Sam's dad is outside in his car. He says, "Get into the car, kids. It's sevenfifteen. It's time for the school disco!"
"We can go to the disco? What a birthday! Thank you, Grandma!" says Sam.
"Say thank you to your friends, Sam, not to me," says Grandma.

## Are you joking, Terry? $(\rightarrow$ p. 84)

It's Saturday. Sam and Terry are helping Mr Hunter, the farmer. His farm is near Kath and Bob's house.
Sam: Oh, no! Can you look at this, Terry?
Terry: Hang on! My phone is ringing. Hello?
Emma: Hi, Terry. It's Emma. I'm calling from your kitchen. Lisa and I hope you aren't having fun without us!
Terry: Oh. Hello, Emma!
Emma: What's that noise? Have your friends got pigs?
Terry: No. They're Mr Hunter's pigs. He's a farmer, and Sam and I are helping him. He has got a lot of animals: pigs, cows, sheep -
Emma: Are you joking, Terry? You don't like farms. And it's Saturday afternoon. You and Sam always watch MTV on Saturday afternoons.
Terry: Well, today we aren't watching TV.
Emma: What are you doing?
Terry: We're working. I'm feeding the little baby pigs.
Emma: And what about Sam? Is he feeding them, too?
Terry: No, he isn't. He's checking Mr Hunter's computer. It has got a problem. It's eating his e-mails.

Emma: So you're feeding the pigs, and he's feeding the computer! And what about your mum and dad? Are they feeding the cows?
Terry: No, they aren't, Emma. They aren't here. Mum and Kath are visiting Bath, and Dad and Bob are fishing. Emma ... why are you calling?
Emma: Oh, it's Tiger. She isn't eating. She's just sitting on the shed and -
Terry: She's a funny cat, Emma. She often sits there and doesn't eat. Don't worry about her.
Sam: Terry! What are you doing?
Terry: Sorry, Emma. Sam is calling me. Bye!
Emma: OK. Bye, Terry! Have fun on the farm! Oink-oink!

## A lot of rubbish? $(\rightarrow$ p. 86)

Later Terry and Sam are in Mr Hunter's shed. There are a lot of things in there, and there is a lot of rubbish, too. The boys are helping Mr Hunter.
Mr Hunter: Can you take those bottles outside, please, boys? Now, help me with this box here. OK. Let's open it. Can you give me that penknife over there, please, Sam?
Sam: Here you are, Mr Hunter.
Mr Hunter: Thank you, Sam. OK. Let's see what's in this bag. Oh, it's my tent. And there's an old penknife, but it's broken. What about that torch there, Terry? Is it working?
Terry: Yes, it is. And these sleeping bags are new.
Mr Hunter: Do you like camping, Sam?
Sam: I don't know. We haven't got a tent.
Mr Hunter: I've got an idea. Do you want to sleep in the tent tonight?
Sam: Oh yes, Mr Hunter.
Terry: That's a great idea!
Mr Hunter: OK. Let's put these things in Kath and Bob's garden. Then we can ask them when they come home.

Noises in the night $(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .88)$
A On Saturday Sam and Terry are sleeping in their tent in Kath and Bob's garden. It isn't cold and it isn't raining. They go to bed at eleven o'clock. Soon Sam is sleeping like a baby, but Terry can't sleep. He plays with his mobile. Then he hears noises. He puts on his shoes and his jacket. Then he finds his torch and takes his mobile, and he leaves the tent. Ten minutes later Sam's mobile rings. He wakes up.

B Sam: Yes, hello.
Terry: Sam. It's Terry. I'm at the river.
Sam: What are you doing there? Are you fishing?
Terry: No! I'm not fishing! Don't be stupid! It's twelve-thirty! I'm watching two men.
Sam: Oh! And what are they doing? Are they fishing?
Terry: No, they aren't. They're carrying boxes and bags from their car to the bushes.
Sam: Oh. What's in the boxes?
Terry: I can't see from here. Hang on! They're coming back. They're getting back into the car.
Terry: Listen. Have you got a pen?
Sam: Yes, I'm just getting it. OK.
Terry: The car number is B HE 239. Have you got it?
Sam: Yes. B HE 239.
Terry: Now they're driving away. It's a dark van. Sam, can you come to the river near the bridge? And bring your penknife!
Sam: OK, Terry. Wait for me. I'm looking for my shoes.
C Ten minutes later Sam arrives at the river. He and Terry find the boxes and bags.
Terry: Let's open this big box first, Sam. Have you got your penknife?
Sam: Yes. Wow! Look at this, Terry. Old laptops.
Terry: What about that box over there? Can you open it, too?
Sam: Yes. It's a computer! But it looks broken. It's all rubbish, Terry.
Terry: And what's in those bags near the tree?
Sam: Shh! Listen! I can hear a car.
Terry: They're coming back. Quick - let's hide under the bridge. We can see them from there.
The car stops at the bridge. A man gets out.
D Terry: Dad! What are you doing here?
Mr Jackson: What am I doing? I'm looking for two boys. Your mum is very worried. What are you two doing?
Terry and Sam show him the boxes and the bags. On the way back to their tent they tell Mr Jackson about the noises, the two men, the computers and the van.
Mr Jackson: OK, you two. Back to bed. We can call the police in the morning.
E At 8:00 Mr Jackson phones the police. Later at breakfast, he tells the boys about his phone call.
Mr Jackson: The police are very pleased with you two. They know the two men. They've got a computer shop in Bath. They are already at the police station.

Mrs Jackson: Well, I'm not pleased with you. At least we aren't staying here for a week!
Terry: Oh, Mum. It's great here. Can Sam and I come back in the summer, Kath?
Kath: Of course you can. But please tell us before you leave your tent. Then we can come with you.

## We must have scones! $(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .96)$

All the German classes at Thomas Tallis must welcome the German exchange pupils. What can they do? They are collecting ideas with their teacher.
Mrs Carter: I must talk to you about the German exchange visit. How can we welcome the visitors?
Sam: Miss, what about an English afternoon tea?
Mrs Carter: Yes, Sam. That's a great idea.
Emma: We can make sandwiches - they're easy.
Mrs Carter: Fine. But we must have cakes, too. We can -
Terry: You must ask Sam, Miss. His chocolate cakes are fantastic!
Sam: But it's an Italian recipe.
Mrs Carter: Don't worry, Sam. It needn't be English - as long as it tastes good.
Sam: OK. I can make two chocolate cakes. But we must have scones, too. Afternoon tea isn't afternoon tea without scones.
Mrs Carter: Well, we can all make scones.
Terry: What about tea, Miss? Do Ukrainian kids drink tea?
Mrs Carter: That's a good question, Terry. You must ask them.
Terry: What - in Ukrainian, Miss?
Mrs Carter: No, you needn't use Ukrainian, Terry. They all speak English.

## The bloke at the burger stall $(\rightarrow \mathrm{p} .98)$

A It's 4:00 on the day of the school fair. Emma and Lisa are selling pizzas. A young man comes to the burger stall next to the pizza stall. She knows his face, but she doesn't know who he is.
"Emma, don't look now, but can you see that bloke behind me at the burger stall?" asks Lisa. Emma looks behind Lisa.
"Is he wearing a black cap and a red T-shirt?" asks Emma.
"Yes," says Lisa. "Do you know him?"
"No. He looks like that actor from Eastenders - he plays the manager of the supermarket."
"Yes," says Lisa. "That's him. Look, he's buying a burger. Oh, no. He's leaving the hall. Let's follow him!"
"Lisa, we can't just leave the stall," says Emma. "You can go."
"OK. Give me five minutes," says Lisa, and she runs to the door.

B Ten minutes later Lisa comes back to the pizza stall. "So what's his name, Lisa? Have you got his autograph?" asks Emma.
"No," says Lisa. "I can't find him."
"But he must be here in the school. That door goes to the classrooms. I can look with you, but we must find him! Terry's over there at the white elephant stall with Sam. Maybe they can help on the stall," says Emma. They tell Terry and Sam about the young man. The boys think the girls are crazy, but they want to help. Emma and Lisa run out of the hall. They aren't looking, and suddenly they run into a teacher.

C It's Mr Rose. He's in the corridor with a man and a woman. "Hello, Lisa. Hi, Emma," says Mr Rose. "Where's the fire?"
"Sorry, Sir," says Emma. "There's no fire. We're looking for a ... a -"
"Boy, Sir," says Lisa. "Er ... we're looking for Lisa's brother, Ben Taylor."
"So you are Ben's sister!" says the woman. "Ben is with the Ukrainian exchange pupils in the music room."
"Lisa, Emma, this is Frau Strobel and this is Herr Konrad. They're here with the Ukrainian exchange."
"Доброго дня," says Lisa.
"Мене звуть Емма."
"Вам не треба розмовляти українською з нашими друзями" says Herr Konrad.

D The teachers say goodbye and go into the hall. "We can't find him now," says Lisa. "Let's go back to the stall." The two girls are very unhappy.

Sam and Terry are talking to Amina. There is a young man with her. Emma and Lisa can see his red T-shirt, but they can't see his face. The two girls walk past Amina, and then they see the young man's face. It's the actor from Eastenders! "Excuse me," says Lisa. "Can we have your autograph, please?"
"My what?" asks the young man.
"Your autograph," says Lisa. "We know you from Eastenders and we -" Terry and Sam look at Amina and they all start laughing.
"But he's not from Eastenders, Lisa," says Terry. "He's here with the Ukrainian exchange. His name is Paul Schmidt."
"Oh!" says Lisa.
"Це иікаво!" says Emma.
"You needn't speak Ukrainian, Emma," says Amina.
"Paul is very good at English."
"Just one question," says Paul. "Who or what are Eastenders?"
"That's easy," says Lisa. "It's a TV soap about people in East London."
"I must watch it," says Paul. "Maybe I've got a double in England."


## WELCOMETO GRAMMAR LAND

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## G1

Personal pronouns

|  |  |
| ---: | :--- |
| I | I'm a mouse. |
| you | You're twelve. |
| he | He's from Istanbul. |
| she | She's my teacher. |
| it | It's a big school. |
| we | We're in the right classroom. |
| you | You're lucky, you two. |
| they | They're new here. |
|  |  |

G 2


|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Singular | Plural | Sound |
| a book | five books | $[\mathrm{s}]$ |
| a dog |  |  |
| a sandwich | two dogs |  |
| three sandwiches | $[\mathrm{z}]$ |  |
|  |  |  |

G4
Negation of the verb 'be'

| I am not | I'm not new in Greenwich. |
| :---: | :---: |
| you are not aren't | You aren't late, Sam. |
| he is not isn't | He isn't eleven. |
| she is not <br> isn't | She isn't from Bristol. |
| it is not | It isn't a big school. |
| we are not aren't | We aren't at Thomas Tallis. |
| you are not | You aren't in my class. |
| they are not aren't | They aren't my friends. |



G6
Questions with question words



## G 8

The possessive form with have got/has got


|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| I haven't got ... | I haven't got a new book. |
| you haven't got ... You haven't got a cool T-shirt. |  |
| he hasn't got ... | He hasn't got a new ball. |
| she hasn't got ... | She hasn't got a problem. |
| it hasn't got ... | It hasn't got blue doors. |
| we haven't got ... We haven't got a cafeteria in the school. |  |
| you haven't got ... You haven't got a nice teacher. |  |
| they haven't got ... | They haven't got a new flat. |
|  |  |

G10
have got/has got: Questions and short answers


Have I got a new book?
Have you got a pencil?
Has he got a new ball?
Has she got a problem?
Has it got blue doors?
Have we got a cafeteria in the school?
Have you got a computer?
Have they got a new flat?

Have I got ...?
Have you got ...?
Has he got ...?
Has she got ...?
Has it got ...?
Have we got ...?
Have you got ...?
Have they got ...?

Yes, I have.
Yes, you have.
Yes, he has.
Yes, she has.
Yes, it has.
Yes, we have.
Yes, you have.
Yes, they have.

No, I haven't.
No, you haven't.
No, he hasn't.
Yes!
No, she hasn't.
No!
No, it hasn't.
No, we haven't.
No, you haven't.
No, they haven't.

G11
The verb 'can/can't'



| I play music. |
| :---: | :---: |
| You play music. |
| He/She/It plays music. |
| We play music. |
| You play music. |
| They play my grandpa lives |
| in Borispil. |

G14
Adverbs of frequency


G15
The simple present: Negation



G17 The simple present: Questions with question words
"Who?", "when?", "how?" and
"where?" and "what?" -
here are questions I have got.

When | does the museum open? |
| :--- |
| How |
| do they get to the Cutty Sark? |
| Where |
| do we meet? |
| does she write on her worksheet? |

What

## G18

Object pronouns

| Can you help me? |
| :--- |
| I can see you. |
| Do you know him? |
| I meet her every morning. |
| Say it again, please. |
| Can you tell us the way, please? |
| Can I take you boys home? |
| You can ask them. |





Am I using the right computer?
Are you having problems?
Is he looking for his mobile?
Is she taking Mark to school?
Is it raining?
Are we making too much noise?
Are you having fun?
Are they eating the flowers?


G 23


## Grammatical terms

| English | English Examples |
| :---: | :---: |
| adverb G14 | always, often, sometimes, never |
| apostrophe G7 | I'm, you're, here's |
| possessive form with have got/has got G8 | You have got a cool T-shirt. |
| possessive form with -'s G7 | Emma's sister, the Taylors' house |
| demonstrative pronouns | this, that, these, those |
| 'yes/no'-questions G16 | Do you like computers? |
| question G5, G6, G10, G17, G22 | What's your name? Are you Tom? |
| question word G6, G17 | Who? What? When? Where? How? |
| adverb of frequency G14 | always, often, sometimes, never |
| auxiliary G8, G11, G12, G15-17, G21-23 | be, have got, do, can |
| imperative G12 | Don't talk! Listen, please. |
| infinitive | to do, to go, to see |
| consonant G21 | b, d, k, l, r, n |
| short answer G5, G10, G16, G22 | Yes, I am. No, he isn't. |
| short form G2, G4, G8 | I'm, we're, she's got |
| long form G2, G4, G8 | I am, we are, she has got |
| expressions of quantity G19, G20 | a lot of, much, many, a bottle of |
| object pronoun G18 | me, you, him, her, it, us, them |
| personal pronoun G1, G5 | I, you, he, she, it, we, you, they |
| plural G3, G20, G24 | girls, children, books |
| possessive pronoun | my, your, his, her, its, our, your, their |
| simple present G13, G15-17 | I live in Greenwich. |
| singular G3, G24 | a girl, a boy, a book |
| noun G3 | book, dog, sandwich |
| verb G2, G11-13, G15-17, G21-23 | to be, to go, to do, to write |
| present progressive G21-23 | We are having a party. |
| negation G4, G9, G15, G23 | I'm not finding this easy. |
| vowel | a, e, i, o, u |
| verb G13-17 | to go, to do, to write |

## English-Ukrainian Glossary

## Числівники

Кількісні числівники
one [wлn] один
two [tu:] два
three [Өri:] три
four [f: $:$ ч чотири
five [farv] п'ять
six [siks] шість
seven ['sevn] сім
eight [ert] вісім
nine [nain] дев’ять
ten [ten] десять
eleven [r'levn] одинадцять
twelve [twelv] дванадцять
thirteen [ $\theta$ з:'ti:n] тринадцять
fourteen [fo:'ti:n] чотирнадцять
fifteen [fifti:n] п'ятнадцять
sixteen [sıks'ti:n] шістнадцять
seventeen [sevn'ti:n] сімнадцять
eighteen [er'ti:n] вісімнадцять
nineteen [nain'ti:n] дев'ятнадцять
twenty ['twenti] двадцять
twenty-one [twenti'wın] двадцять один
twenty-two [twenti'tu:] двадцять два
twenty-three [,twenti'Өri:] двадцять три
thirty ['Өз:ti] тридцять
forty ['fo:ti] сорок
fifty ['fifti] п'ятдесят
sixty ['sıksti] шістдесят
seventy ['sevnti] сімдесят
eighty ['erti] вісімдесят
ninety ['nainti] дев’яносто
one hundred [wan 'hındrəd] сто

Порядкові числівники
first [f3:st] перший
second ['seknd] другий
third [ $\theta 3: d$ ] третій
fourth [fo: $\theta$ ] четвертий
fifth [fif $]$ ]'ятий
sixth [sıksӨ] шостий
seventh ['sevnӨ] сьомий
eighth [eIt $\theta$ ] восьмий
ninth [nain $\theta$ ] дев'ятий
tenth [ten $\theta$ ] десятий
eleventh [r'levnӨ] одинадцятий
twelfth [twelfӨ] дванадцятий
thirteenth [ $\theta$ :'ti:n $\theta]$ тринадцятий
fourteenth [fo:'ti:nӨ] чотирнадцятий
fifteenth [fifti:nӨ] п'ятнадцятий
sixteenth [ssks'ti:nӨ] шістнадцятий
seventeenth [sevn'ti:n $\theta$ ] сімнадцятий
eighteenth [er'ti:nӨ] вісімнадцятий
nineteenth [nain'ti:nӨ] дев'ятнадцятий
twentieth ['twentiiӨ] двадцятий
twenty-first [twenti'f3:st] двадцять перший
twenty-second [twenti'seknd] двадцять
другий

twenty-fourth [twenti'fo: $\theta$ ] двадцять четвертий
thirtieth ['Өз:tiə $\theta$ ] тридцятий
thirty-first [ $\theta$ : ti 'f3:st] тридцать перший

## Кількість

How much ...? Скільки (незлічимі)
How many ...? Скільки (злічимі)
a lot of money/books багато грошей/книжок
a packet of cheese упаковка сиру
a bag of apples кульок яблук
a bottle of water пляшка води
a box of eggs упаковка яєць
no chocolate жодного шоколаду

## A

a，an［ə；әn］один
a bit［ə＇bit］трохи
a lot of［ə＇lptっəv］багато，безліч
about［ə＇bavt］про
What about．．．？［wbtəə＇bavt］Як щодо．．．？
Чи не．．．？
to act［ækt］грати（у театрі）
action［＇æk n ］дія
activity［æk＇tıvəti］діяльність
actor［＇æktə］актор
to add［æd］додавати
address［ə＇dres］адреса
adjective［＇ædzəktıv］прикметник，
after［＇a：ftə］після
afternoon［a：ftə＇nu：n］полудень
afternoon tea［a：ftənu：n＇ti：］полуденне
чаювання
in the afternoon［ın ði：，a：ftə＇nu：n］ пополудні
again［ə＇gen］3нову
alarm clock［ə＇la：m，klpk］будильник
all［0：1］Bсе
along［ ${ }^{\prime}$＇loy ］вздовж
alphabet［＇ælfəbet］алфавіт，абетка
alphabetical［ælfə＇betıkl］алфавітний
already［ $0: 1$＇redi］вже
also［＇o：lsəv］також
always［＇o：lweız］завжди，постійно
and［ænd］i
animal［＇ænıml］тварина
answer［＇a：ntsə］відповідь
to answer［＇a：ntsə］відповідати，давати відповідь
anything［＇eniӨın］будь－що
apple［＇æpl］яблуко
April［＇erprl］квітень
are［a：］$\epsilon$
Here you are！［，hı ju：＇व：］Будь ласка！
to arrive［ə＇raıv］приїздити
as long as［әz＇loŋృәz］допоки
to ask［a：sk］питати
to ask for［＇a：sk fə］просити про
at［æt］y
at home［ət＇həชm］вдома
at least［ət＇li：st］принаймні
at the moment［æt ðə＇məชmənt］на даний момент，зараз
August［＇o：gəst］серпень
aunt［a：nt］тітка
autograph［＇o：təgra：f］автограф
autumn［＇ว：təm］осінь
away［ə＇wer］поодаль
to run away［rınっə＇wer］тікати

## B

baby，babies（pl）［＇berbi；＇berbiz］немовля， дитина
back［bæk］назад
bad［bæd］поганий
bad luck［．bæd＇lık］невдача
badminton［＇bædmıntən］бадмінтон，гра з воланом
bag［bæg］сумка，пакет
school bag［＇sku：l bæg］шкільна сумка， рюкзак
sleeping bag［＇sli：pıŋ ，bæg］спальний мішок
ball［bo：l］м＇яч
balloon［bs＇lu：n］повітряна куля
burger bar［＇bз：gə，ba：］ресторан фаст－фуд
to bark［ba：k］гавкати
basketball［＇ba：skitbo：l］баскетбол
bathroom［＇ba：Өrom］ванна，ванна кімната
to be［bi：］бути
He is on his way to［hi：Iz＿pn hız＇weito］Biн на шляху до ．．．
I＇m good at．．．［aım＇gvdっtt］У мене добре виходить．
to be fed up［bi：fed，＇＾p］бути ситим по горло чимось／кимось
to be fun［bi：＇fın］бути весело
to be good with ．．．［bi：＇god wið］добре ставитис до．．．
to be in a hurry［bi：mnっ＇hari］поспішати
to be pleased with［bi：＇pli：zd wið］бути задоволеним кимось
to be right［bi：＇rart］бути правим
to be worried［bi：＇warid］бути стурбованим，занепокоєним
beautiful［＇bju：trfl］гарний，чудовий
because［br＇knz］тому що
bed［bed］ліжко
bedroom［＇bedrum］спальня
before［bı＇ff：］до，перед
behind［br＇haind］позаду
between［bi＇twi：n］між
big［bIg］великий
bike［bark］велосипед by bike［bar＇bark］на велосипеді
birthday ['bз:Өder] день народження
biscuit ['biskit] тістечко, печиво
a bit [o 'bit] трохи
black [blæk] чорний
to blow up [bləv,'^p] вибухати
blue [blu:] блакитний
board [bo:d] дошка, настінна дошка
book [bvk] книга
exercise book [eksəsazz ,bvk] зошит, зошит для завдань
boring ['bo:rı] нудний
to borrow ['borəv] позичати, брати в борг
bottle ['bptl] пляшка
box, boxes (pl) [bpks; 'bvksiz] ящик, коробка, блок
boy [bэл] хлопець
to break-dance ['brerk da:nts] танцювати брейк-данс
breakfast ['brekfəst] сніданок
bridge [bridz] міст
to bring [brıy] приносити, брати з собою
to bring in [brıŋ,'ın] приносити, вводити
broken ['brəvkn] поламаний, пошкодженний
brother ['br^ðә] брат
brown [braun] коричневий
burger ['bз:gə] гамбургер burger bar ['bз:gə,ba:] ресторан фаст-фуд
bus, buses (pl) [bss; 'bısiz] автобус bus stop ['bлs ,stop] зупинка автобуса
bush, bushes (pl) [buf; 'bu〔ız] кущ, кущі
busy ['bizi] зайнятий, заповнений
but [bst] але
butter ['bstə] масло
to buy [bar] купувати
bye [bar] бувай

## C

cafe ['kæfer] кафе
cafeteria [kæfə'tıəriə] кафетерій
cake [kerk] тістечко
calendar ['kæləndə] календар
call [ko:l] дзвінок
to call [ks:l] дзвонити, телефонувати, називати
camping ['kæmpı!] кемпінг, наметовий табір
can [kæn] могти
cap [kæp] чашка, горнятко
car [ka:] автомобіль
card [ka:d] карта
caretaker ['keəterkə] опікун/господиня дому
to carry ['kæri] нести
pencil case [pensl , kers] пенал
cat [kæt] кіт
CD [si:'di:] компакт-диск
centre ['sentə] центр, середина
information centre [info'merfn, sentə] інформаційний центр
chair [tfea] стілець
charity ['tfærıti] доброчинність, доброчинна організація
chat [tJæt] бесіда, розмова
to chat [ $\left.\mathrm{t} \int æ \mathrm{t}\right]$ спілкуватися
cheap [ $\mathrm{t} \mathrm{j} \mathrm{i}: \mathrm{p}$ ] дешевий
to check [t fek ] перевіряти
cheese [ $\mathrm{tfi}: \mathrm{z}$ ] сир
child, children (pl) [tfarld; 'tfildrın] дитина
only child ['әunli ,tfarld] єдина дитина
chocolate ['tfoklot] шоколад
to choose [tfu:z] вибирати, обирати 3-поміж
church [ t з:t t ] церква
to clap [klæp] плескати у долоні
class [kla:s] шкільний клас, клас
classroom ['kla:srom] класна кімната
clock [klok] годинник
alarm clock [a'la:m ,klpk] будильник
o'clock [ə'klpk] година (вказівка на час)
to close [kləvz] зачиняти, закривати
closed [kləuzd] закритий, зачинений
club [klıb] клуб, об'єднання
cold [kəuld] холодний
to collect [kə'lekt] збирати
colour ['kлlә] колір
to come [kım] приходити
Come on. [kım.'mn] Припини, припиніть to come in [kım_'m] входити
to come over [kım 'әvvə] проходити крізь; переходити
comic ['kpmik] комік
to compare [kəm'peə] порівнювати
complete [kəm'pli:t] повний; завершений
computer [kəm'pju:tə] комп'ютер
cooking [kukı]] кулінарія, кулінарний
cool [ku:l] класний, супер; прохолодний
to copy ['kdpi] переписувати, копіювати
cornflakes ['ko:nflerks] кукурудзяні пластівці
to correct [kə'rekt] виправляти, corridor ['kprids:] прохід, вестибюль, коридор
country, countries (pl) ['kıntri; 'kıntriz] країна
in the country [in ðә 'kıntri] у країні
of course [әv 'kә:s] звісно, само собою
cousin ['kızn] кузен/кузина
cow [kav] корова
crazy ['kreızi] божевільний
ice-cream [aıs 'kri:m] морозиво
cricket ['krıkıt] крикет
crisp [krısp] картопляні чіпси
crossword (puzzle) ['krnswz:d 'pızl] кросворд
cupboard ['kıbəd] кухонна шафа, шафа

## D

dad [dæd] батько, тато
to dance [dants] танцювати
dark [da:k] темний
date [dert] дата
day [dei] день sports day ['spo:ts der] спортивне свято
dear [dı] любий, дорогий
December [di'sembə] грудень
department store [di'pa:tmənt sto:] універмаг
to describe [dr'skrarb] описувати
desk [desk] письмовий стіл
dialogue ['daıəlog] діалог
different ['difrnt] інший, відмінний
dining room ['daınıy rum] їдальня, обідня зала
disco ['drskəv] дискотека
divorced from [dr'vo:st from] розлучений $з$
DJ [.di:'dзer] ді-джей
to do [du:] робити, займатися
do sports [du: 'spo:ts] займатися спортом
dog [dpg] собака
to walk the dog [wo:k ðə 'dpg] вигулювати собаку
door [do:] двері
double ['dлbl] двійник, клон to go down [gәv 'davn] спускатися sit down [stt 'dawn] сідати, присідати
Go down... [gәv davn] Йдіть униз; Спускайтеся
downstairs [dawn'steәz] внизу, на нижньому поверсі
drama ['dra:mə] драма; п’єса
to draw [dro:] малювати
dream [dri:m] сон
to dress [dres] вбиратися
drink [drıjk] напій
to drink [drıjk] пити
to drive [draIv] їхати
driver ['draıvə] водій/водійка
drums [drımz] барабани

## E

each [i:tf] кожен/кожна/кожне
early ['з:li] рано
east [i:st] схід
easy ['i:zi] просто, легко
to eat [i:t] їсти, жерти
egg [eg] яйце
elephant ['elifənt] слон
else [els] або, ще
e-mail ['i:merl] електронна пошта
to end [end] закінчуватися
English ['mglif] англійська мова
euro ['juərəv] євро (валюта)
even ['i:vn] навіть, зовсім
evening ['i:vnıy] вечір
in the evening [, in ði: 'i:vnıŋ] ввечері, у
вечірній час
event [r'vent] подія, нагода
every ['evri] кожний/кожна/кожне
example ['ıgza:mpl] приклад
change [rks't ferndz] обмін, зміна
excited [rk'sartid] схвильований
Excuse me! [rk'skju:z mi] Вибачте!
exercise [eksəsaız] вправа, завдання
exercise book ['eksəsazz ,buk] зошит для вправ
expensive [ik'spentsiv] дорогий
eye [aI] око

## F

face [fers] обличчя
fair [feə] виставка, ярмарок
summer fair ['sımə ,feə] літній ярмарок
family ['fæmli] родина family tree ['fæmli tri:] родинне дерево
famous ['ferməs] відомий
fantastic [fæn'tæstik] фантастичний, грандіозний
farm［fa：m］фермерське господарство， ферма
farmer［＇fa：mə］фермер，фермерша，
favourite［＇fervrit］улюблений
February［＇februri］лютий
to feed［fi：d］годувати
field［fi：ld］поле，вид діяльності
to fill in［fill＇ In ］наповнювати；заповнити
to find［faind］знаходити
to find out［faind＇＇avt］виявляти
fine［fain］добрий，у порядку，гарний， красивий
to finish［＇finif］закінчувати，виконувати， припиняти
fire［fаıə］вогонь，пожежа
first［fз：st］спочатку；перший／перша／ перше
fish，fish（pl）［fif］риба／риби
to fish［fif］рибалити，ловити рибу
fishing［＇frjı斤］риболовля
flag［flæg］стяг，прапор
flat［flæt］квартира
flower［＇flavə］квітка
foggy［＇fogi］туманний
folder［＇fəvldə］папка，портфель
to follow［＇foləv］слідувати，наслідувати， виконувати
food［fu：d］їжа
foot，feet（pl）［fut；fi：t］нога
on foot［pn＇fot］пішки
football［＇fvtbo：l］футбол
for［fo：］для
to forget［fə＇get］забувати
form［fo：m］форма
long form［＇lon fo：m］повна форма
free［fri：］вільний
Friday［fraider］п＇ятниця
friend［frend］друг／подруга
from［from］3，від
divorced from［dr＇vo：st from］розведений 3
Where are you from？［，weərっə јə＇from］ Звідки ви？
in front of［in＇frantəəv］перед
fun［fın］веселощі
Have fun！［hæv＇f $\_n$ ］розважайтеся！
to be fun［bi：＇f $\_\mathrm{n}$ ］бути весело
to have fun［hæv＇fın］веселитися， розважатися
funny［＇f＾ni］комічний，смішний
furniture［fss：nıtfə］меблі

G
game［germ］rра
garden［＇ga：dn］садок
to get［get］добиратися，ставати，діставати
to get into［get＇intə］вступати до； потрапити
to get lost［get＇lost］загубитися，заблукати
to get off［get，＇pf］зійти з
to get out［get，＇avt］вийти
to get up［get，＇＾р］вставати；підводитися
ghost［gəәst］дух，привид
girl［g3：1］дівчинка
to give［giv］давати，дарувати
to go［gəv］йти
Go down．［＇gəv davn］йдіть униз； спускайтеся
Go left．［gәv＇left］поверніть ліворуч
Go right．［gәv＇rart］поверніть праворуч
to go down［gәv＇davn］спускатися
to go up［gәъ，ıр］підніматися
goal［gәvl］гол，мета
good［gud］гарний
Good luck！［god＇lık］Хай щастить！
Good Morning！［＇gud＇mo：nıy］Доброго ранку！
I＇m good at．［arm＇god＿ət］Я вмію добре．．．
to be good with．［bi：＇god wið］добре ставитися до．．．
to have a good time［hævっə god＇tarm］ гарно проводити час
goodbye［gvd＇bar］до побачення
to have got［hæv＇gdt］отримувати，мати
grandad［＇grændæd］дідусь
grandma［＇grændma：］бабуся
great［greIt］чудовий，прекрасний
Greek［gri：k］грецький；грек／грекиня
green［gri：n］зелений
grid［grıd］ґратка，решітка
group［gru：p］група
gym［d3ım］гімнастичний зал
to guess［ges］здогадуватися，припускати

## H

half past（two）［＇ha：f pa：st］пів на（третю）
half－sister［＇ha：f sistə］зведена сестра hall［ho：l］зал，зала，вестибюль
Hang on！［＇hæy＿vn］Зачекай！Почекай－но！ to happen［＇hæpn］ставатися，відбуватися
happy［＇hæpi］щасливий，вдоволений
to have［hæv］мати
Have fun！［hæv＇fın］Розважайтеся！
to have a good time［hævっə god＇taim］ гарно проводити час
to have a party［hævっə＇pa：ti］влаштувати вечірку
to have fun［hæv＇fın］розважатися， веселитися
to have got［hæv＇gdt］отримувати，мати
to have supper［hæv＇sıpə］вечеряти
he［hi：］він
to hear［hıə］чути
Hello！［he＇ləv］Привіт！
help［help］допомога
to help［help］допомагати
her［hз：］ї；їй
here［hıə］тут
Here you are！［＇hıə ju：，，а：］Будь ласка！
hey［her］привіт！
to hide［hard］ховати，ховатися
him［hım］його，йому
his［hiz］його
hobby，hobbies（pl）［＇hnbi；＇hpbiz］xобi
home［həvm］дім，будинок；додому
at home［ət＇həvm］вдома
to take home［terk＇həvm］забирати додому
homework［＇həumwз：k］домашнє завдання／домашня робота
to hope［hәvp］сподіватися
horse［ho：s］кінь
hot［hot］гарячий
hour［＇avə］година
hours［＇avəz］години роботи
house［havs］дім
how［hav］як
How are you？［hav＇a：ju：］Як ти？
how many［hav＇meni］скільки
How much are ．．．？［hav＇mstडa：］Скільки коштують ．．．？
How much is ．．．？［hav＇mıt $\int_{\mathrm{s}}$ ı］Скільки коштує．．．？
How old are you？［hav＿＇әvld，$a$ ：ju：］Скільки тобі років？
to be in a hurry［bi：in」ə＇hлri］поспішати
Hurry up！［h＾ri，＇лр］Поспішай！

## I

I［ar］я
ice－cream［aıs＇kri：m］морозиво
idea［ar＇dı］ідея
I＇m［arm］я $\epsilon$
in［in］в，на；всередині
in front of［in＇frınt」әv］перед
information［．ınfə＇merfn］інформація／ відомості
information centre［info＇merfn ，senta］ інформаційний центр
inside［in＇sard］всередині，туди，всередину
into［＇intə］в，у，туди
to get into［get＇intz］потрапити y
invitation［invi＇terfn］запрошення
to invite［in＇vart］запрошувати
is $[\mathrm{Iz}] \epsilon$
it［ tt ］воно
Italian［r＇tælien］італійський；італієць／ італійка

## J

jacket［＇dзækit］куртка
jam［dзæm］мармелад
January［dзænjuri］січень
joke［dзəvk］жарт
to joke［dзəvk］жартувати，розповідати жарти
July［dzv＇lar］липень
long jump［＇lıy ，d3＾mp］довгий стрибок
June［dzu：n］червень
just［dз＾st］щойно，тільки－но，просто

## K

Keep out！［ki：p＇，＇avt］Вхід заборонено！
to kick［kkk］бити
kid［kıd］дитина
kitchen［＇kitfin］кухня
knock［nok］стук，удар
to know［nəv］знати，бути знайомим 3

## L

land［lænd］країна；земля
language［＇læygwidz］мова
lantern［＇læntən］ліхтар
laptop［＇læptpp］ноутбук
large［la：dz］великий，величезний
last［la：st］останній／остання／останнє
late［lert］пізно，запізно，той，хто запізнився
later［＇letto］пізніше
to laugh［la：f］сміятися
to learn [1з:n] дізнаватися; вчити
at least [ət 'li:st] принаймні, щонайменше
to leave [li:v] облишати, залишати, від"їздити
left [left] лівий/ліва/ліве; ліворуч
Go left. [gә夫'left] поверніть ліворуч.
on the left [pn ðә 'left] зліва
lemonade [lemə'nerd] лимонад
lesson ['lesn] урок
Let's [lets] Давай...
letter [leta] літера, лист
to like [lark] подобатися, вподобати
like [laık] як; подібно
line [laın] рядок, текст, лінія
list [list] список
to listen ['lisn] слухати, прослуховувати
little ['litt] малий
to live [liv] мешкати, жити
living room ['livig rom] зала
long [lop] довгий
as long as [әz 'loŋ_əz] допоки
long form ['log fo:m] повна форма
long jump [loy , dзлmp] стрибки в довжину
to look [luk] дивитися, бачити, виглядати
to look at ['luk ət] дивитися на
to look for ['luk fə] шукати
to get lost [get 'lpst] загубитися, заблукати
a lot of [ə 'lpt әv] багато, велика кількість
love [lıv] з сердечними вітаннями
(у кінці листа), любов
to love [lıv] любити, вподобати
luck [lık] щастя
Good luck! [gvd 'lık] Хай щастить!
lucky ['1ıki] щасливий
you're lucky [jvə'lıki] тобі щастить
lunch [lıntS] обід
lunchtime ['1nntftaım] обідня перерва, обід

## M

magazine [mægə'zi:n] журнал, видання
to make [merk] робити, вчиняти
to make up [merk'лр] вигадувати, фантазувати
make-up ['merk^р] макіяж, косметика
man, men (pl) [mæn; men] чоловік
manager ['mænidзə] менеджер/
менеджерка
many ['meni] багато; множина how many [hav 'meni] скільки
map [mæp] план міста, карта місцевості

March [ma:tf] березень
mark [ma:k] пляма
married to ['mærid to] одружений 3
to match [mætS] приводити
у відповідність, впорядковувати
May [mer] травень
maybe ['merbi] можливо
me [mi:] мені, мною
to mean [mi:n] означати, мати на увазі
meaning [mi:nıy] значення
medium ['mi:diəm] середній
to meet [mi:t] зустрічати, зустрічатися
text message ['tekst ,mesidz] текстове повідомлення
milk [mik] молоко
mobile ['məvbari] мобільний телефон
at the moment [æt ðə 'məชmənt] у даний момент, наразі
moment ['məvmənt] момент, мить
Monday ['mınder] понеділок
on Mondays [pn 'mındeız] по понеділках
money ['mıni] гроші
month [mınө] місяць
more [mo:] більше
morning ['mo:nıI] ранок, перша половина дня
Good Morning! ['god 'mə:nıy] Доброго ранку!
in the morning [in бо 'mo:nı!] вранці, рано, у першій половині дня
most [mәvst] переважно, більшість
mouse [mavs] миша
Mr ['mistə] пан (звертання)
Mrs ['misız] пані (звертання)
much [mst $]$ ] багато
mum [mım] мама, матуся
museum [mju:'zi:əm] музей
music ['mju:zık] музика
must [mast] мусити
my [mar] мій/моє

## N

name [nerm] ім'я
My name is... [mar 'nerm iz] Мене звати...
near [nı] неподалік від, біля
needn't ['ni:dnt] не потребувати, не мати потреби у
never ['nevə] ніколи, жодного разу
new [nju:] новий
newsagent［＇nju：s eIdzənt］продавець／ продавчиня газет
next［nekst］наступний／наступна／наступне next to［＇nekst to］біля
nice［nars］гарний
night［natt］ніч
no［nəv］ні；жоден／жодне
noise［noz］шум，галас
normal［＇no：ml］нормальний
north［no：日］північ
not［ndt］ Hi
November［nəv＇vembə］листопад
now［nav］зараз，негайно
right now［ratt＇nav］прямо зараз，у цю мить
number［＇nımbə］цифра，число
phone number［＇fərn＇nımbə］номер телефону
nurse［nз：s］медична сестра，доглядач за хворими
night nurse［＇natt nз：s］нічна сиділка

## 0

observatory［əb＇zz：vatri］обсерваторія
October［pk＇tərbə］жовтень
of［ $\mathrm{pv} ;$ әv］ 3
of course［әv＇ko：s］звичайно，беззаперечно
to get off［get＇pf］вийти з
often［＇pfn］часто
oh［əv］o
We＇re OK．［．wırəəช＇ker］У нас все добре．
old［әuld］старий
How old are you？［hav＿＇əuldっ ju：］Скільки вам років？
on［pn］на，в
on foot［bn＇fot］пішки
on Mondays［pn＇mınderz］по понеділках
on the left［pn бә＇left］зліва
on the right［pn бь＇rart］справа
only child［＇əvnli ，t farld］єдина дитина
only［＇əunli］лише，тільки，лиш
Oops！［u：ps］Oro！
open［＇әuрәn］відкривати，відкорковувати
or［จ：］або
order［＇0：də］порядок，послідовність
to organize［＇o：gənarz］організовувати
other［＾ðә］інший／інша／інші
our［＇avə］наш／наші
out［avt］звідси，назовні， 3

Keep out！［ki：p．＇avt］Вхід заборонено！ get out［get，＇avt］виходити
to sort out［ss：t＇avt］з＇ясовувати， вирішувати（проблему）
to take out［terk＇aut］брати з собою out of［＇avtəəv］3，з－поміж
outside［avt＇saId］назовні，надворі，надвір
oven［＇svn］пічка
over［＇әชvə］через；понад
over there［，әvvə＇деә］там
to come over［kım‘’әvvə］переходити

## P

to pack［pæk］упаковувати
packet［＇pækıt］упаковка，пачка
page［perd3］сторінка
to paint［pernt］малювати，змальовувати
pair［peə］пара
parents［＇peərənts］батьки
park［pa：k］парк
part［pa：t］частина
partner［＇pa：tnə］партнер／партнерка
party［＇pa：ti］вечірка，свято
to have a party［hævっə＇pa：ti］влаштувати свято
past［pa：st］повз，через
half past（two）［＇ha：f pa：st］пів на（третю）
pen［pen］ручка
pence（pl）［pents］пенс（грошова одиниця）
pencil［＇pensl］олівець
pencil case［＇pensl，kers］пенал
penknife，penknives（pl）［pennarf；＇pennaivz］ складаний ножик
people［＇pi：pl］люди，громада
phone number［＇fəorn ，nımbə］номер телефону
to phone［fəun］телефонувати，дзвонити
photo［＇fərtər］фотографія
phrase［frezz］вираз，фраза
to pick［pik］підбирати，вибирати
picture［＇prktโə］зображення
pig［pig］свиня
pink［pıjk］рожевий
pizza［＇pi：tsə］піцца
place［pleis］місце
plan［plæn］план
play［pler］п＇єса，вистава
to play［pler］грати
playground［＇pleigraund］шкільне подвір＇я， ігровий майданчик
please [pli:z] будь ласка
to be pleased with [bi: 'pli:zd wið] бути задоволеним чимось
plural ['plvərl] множина, деяка кількість
to point [pornt] вказувати на
police [pə'li:s] поліція
Polish ['pəulıf] польський
postcard ['pəvstka:d] поштова листівка
poster [pəvstə] постер, плакат
pound [paund] фунт (валюта)
present [preznt] подарунок
price [prass] ціна
problem ['probləm] проблема, ускладнення
project ['prodzekt] проект
pupil ['pju:pl] школяр/школярка
purple ['pз:pl] бузковий, фіолетовий
to put [pvt] встановлювати, ставити, класти
to put in [pvt,'m] розміщувати put on [put'dn] вдягати, одягати to put up [put,'лp] встановлювати, будувати
puzzle ['рлzl] загадка, головоломка

## Q

quarter past ['kwo:tə pa:st] чверть по quarter to ['kwo:to to] за чверть до
question ['kwest $\int n$ ] питання
quick [kwik] швидкий
quiet ['kwaət] спокійний, нерухомий, повільний
quiz [kwız] вікторина, загадка

## R

race [ress] перегони, забіг
to run a race [rınっə 'ress] брати участь у перегонах
radio [reıdiər] радіо
radio show ['rerdiəъ , ऽəv] радіопрограма
to rain [rem] дощити
rainy ['renni] дощовий
rap [ræp] реп
to rap [ræp] читати peп
to read [ri:d] читати
really ['rıli] справді
recipe ['resıpi:] рецепт
red [red] червоний
to rehearse [ri'hs:s] проводити репетицію (театральну постановку)
to remember [ri'membə] згадувати, пригадувати, запам'ятовувати reporter [rı'po:tə] репортер/репортерка
revision [ri'vizn] повторення
rhyme [raim] рима
to ride [rard] їхати, їхати верхи
right [ratt] правий, права, праве
on the right [pn бә 'ratt] справа
to be right [bi: 'ratt] мати рацію
right now [rart 'nav] прямо зараз, у цей момент
to ring [riŋ] дзвонити
river ['rıvə] річка
road [rəvd] дорога, шосе
roof [ru:f] дах
room [ru:m] кімната, простір, місце
dining room ['damı rom] їдальня, обідня зала
living room ['livig rom] житлова кімната, зала
RSVP [a: es vi: 'pi:] чекаємо на Вашу відповідь
rubbish ['rıbif] сміття, відходи, залишки
rule [ru:l] правило, припис
ruler ['ru:lə] лінійка
to run [rın] бігти, тікати
to run a race [rın_ə 'rers] брати участь у перегонах
to run away [rın_ə'wer] тікати
runner ['rınə] бігун/бігунка
Russian ['r^Лn] російський; росіянин/ росіянка

## S

sandwich ['sænwid3] сендвіч, бутерброд
Saturday ['sætədeI] субота
to say [ser] казати, промовляти
scared [skeәd] наляканий
school [sku:l] школа
school bag ['sku:l bæg] шкільна сумка, шкільний портфель
scone [skdn] булочка (випічка)
season ['si:zn] пора року, сезон
second ['seknd] секунда
to see [si:] бачити
See you! ['si: jə] До побачення! Побачимось!
to sell [sel] продавати
to send [send] надсилати
sentence ['sentants] речення

September [sep'tembə] вересень she [ [ji: вона shed [ jed ] сарай
sheep, sheep (pl) [ji:p] вівця/вівці
shelf, shelves (pl) [ $\mathrm{elf} ;$; elvz ] полиця, етажерка
ship [ [гр] корабель
shirt [ [з:t] сорочка
shoe [Ju:] черевик
shop [Jpp] магазин, крамниця
sports shop ['spo:ts Spp] спортивний магазин
shopping ['Sppıy] шопінг, купівля товарів
short [ [ร:t] короткий
to shout [ [Javt] кричати
show [Jәv] шоу, передача, вистава radio show ['rerdiəv, Səv] радіопрограма
to show [โəv] показувати
sign [sam] вивіска, знак
to sing [sim] співати
sister ['sistə] сестра
half-sister [ha:f,sistə] зведена сестра
to sit [stt] сидіти
to sit down [stt 'dawn] сідати, присідати
to sit with ['sit wiө] сідати поряд з
to skate [skert] їздити на скейтборді, кататися на скейті
skateboard ['skeitbo:d] скейтборд
skates (pl) [skerts] роликові ковзани
to sleep [sli:p] спати
sleeping bag ['sli:pı ,bæg] спальний мішок
slow [sləv] повільно
small [smo:1] малий
to smile [smarl] посміхатися
snowy ['snəvi] засніжений
so [səu] тож, отож, тому
soap [səvp] мильна опера, «мило»
sofa ['səぃfə] диван, софа
sometimes ['sımtarmz] іноді
song [sDy] пісня
soon [su:n] швидко
sorry ['spri] мені шкода, перепрошую
to sort [ss:t] сортувати
sort out [ss:t 'avt] з'ясовувати, вирішувати (проблему)
sound [saund] звук, шум, дзвінок
south [save] південь
to speak [spi:k] говорити
to spell [spel] називати по літерах
to spend [spend] проводити, витрачати
sponge [sp^nd3] губка
spooky ['spu:ki] зловісний
sport [spo:t] спорт
sports day ['spo:ts der] спортивне свято
sports field ['spo:ts fi:ld] спортивний майданчик
sports shop ['spo:ts Spp] спортивний магазин
to do sports [du: 'spo:ts] займатися спортом
spring [spriy] весна
stall [sto:l] стійка, будка
word star ['wз:d sta:] зірка слова
start [sta:t] починати, розпочинати
station ['sterfn] сторожа, станція, вокзал
to stay [ster] залишатися
to stay with ['steı wıð] жити $\mathrm{y} / 3$
stepdad ['stepdæd] вітчим
stop [stpp] стоянка, зупинка
bus stop ['bıs ,stop] зупинка автобуса
to stop [stop] припиняти, облишати, затримувати
department store [dı'pa:tmənt sts:] універсальний магазин
story ['stori] історія, розповідь
strange [streind3] дивний, рідкісний
street [stri:t] вулиця
studio ['stju:diəu] студія
stupid ['stju:pid] дурний, тупий
suddenly ['ssdnli] раптом, несподівано
summer ['s $s \mathrm{~m}$ ə] літо
summer fair ['sımə ,feə] літній ярмарок
Sunday ['sander] неділя
sunny ['ssni] сонячний
supermarket ['su:pә,ma:ktt] супермаркет
supper [sıpə] вечеря
to have supper [hæv 'sıpə] вечеряти

survey ['ss:ver] опитування
to swap [swop] обмінювати
sweet [swi:t] солодкий
to swim [swim] плавати

## T

table ['terbl] стіл
to take [terk] брати, приносити з собою, приносити
to take home [terk 'həvm] забирати додому
to take out [terk'avt] брати з собою
to talk [to:k] говорити, промовляти
to taste [teist] смакувати
tea [ti:] чай, вечеря
afternoon tea [,a:ftenu:n 'ti:] полуденне чаювання
to teach [ti:t f ] навчати
teacher ['ti:t fə] вчитель/вчителька
to tell [tel] розповідати, казати
tent [tent] намет
terrible ['terəbl] жахливий, страшний
to test [test] тестувати, випробовувати
text [tekst] текст
text message ['tekst ,mesid3] текстове повідомлення
than [ðæn] ніж
to thank [ $\theta æ ŋ \mathrm{k}$ ] дякувати
thank you ['Өæŋkju:] дякую
that [ðæt] це, те
the [ $\partial$ д; ді] той, та, те
their [ðеә] Ïx/ixнi
them [ðет] їм; їх
then [ðеп] тоді
there [ðеә] там, у тому місці
over there [,әชvə 'ðеә] там
there are [ðег_'a:] $\epsilon$, маємо
there is [ðег' 'zz] $\epsilon$, маємо
these [ði:z] ці, отут
they [ðег] вони (множина)
thing [ $\theta$ In] piч
to think [' $\theta \mathrm{mg}$ ] думати
third [ $\theta$ з:d] третій/третя/третє
this [ðıs] це; цей/ця/ці
those [ðәәz] ці, отам, ті
to throw [ $\theta \mathrm{r} \partial$ б] кидати
Thursday ['Өз:zdeI] четвер
ticket ['tikıt] квиток, проїзний документ, вхідний квиток
time [tarm] час to have a good time [,hævっə god 'tarm] розважатися
What's the time, please? [wots бə 'tarm ,pli:z] Перепрошую, котра година?
to time [taim] зупинятися, займати час
timeline ['tarmlaın] часовий вимір
tip [tip] підказка
today [ta'der] сьогодні
together [tə'geðә] разом, одне з одним
toilet ['torltt] туалет
tomato, tomatoes (pl) [tə'ma:təu; tə'ma:təuz] помідор(и)
tonight [tə'nat] сьогодні ввечері, сьогодні вночі
too [tu:] також; занадто
topic [topik] тема
torch, torches (pl) [to:tf; 'to:tfiz]
кишеньковий ліхтарик, факел
town [ta⿱n] місто
train [trem] поїзд
transport ['træntspo:t] транспорт
tree [tri:] дерево
trick [trık] трюк, витівка
trip [trıp] екскурсія, подорож
trouble ['trsbl] проблема, неприємність
to try [trai] намагатися, пробувати
T-shirt ['ti: $\left.\int 3: \mathrm{t}\right]$ футболка
Tuesday ['tju:zder] вівторок
tunnel ['tınl] тунель, шляхопровід
Turkish ['tz:kif] турецький
to turn off [tz:n'vf] вимкнути, відключити
TV [.ti:'vi:] телебачення, телевізор

## U

uncle [' $\wedge \mathfrak{y k l}]$ дядько
under ['Andə] під
underlined [Ands'laind] підкреслений
unhappy [лn'hæpi] нещасливий
uniform ['ju:nıfo:m] уніформа
Hurry up! [.hлri,'лр] поспіши!
to get up [get'^^р] підводитися
to go up сходити нагору
to wake up прокидатися, пробуджуватися
What's up? [wots,'ıр] Що сталося?
upstairs [^р'steəz] нагорі, на верхньому поверсі
us [ $\Lambda$ s] нас
to use [ju:z] використовувати, застосовувати

## V

van [væn] фургон
very ['veri] дуже
video ['vidiəv] відео
visit ['vzzt] відвідини
to visit ['vizıt] відвідувати, оглядати visitor ['vızıtə] відвідувач/відвідувачка
volleyball ['volibo:l] волейбол

## W

to wait [wert] чекати
to wait for ['wert fo:] чекати на
to wake up [werk' ${ }^{\prime}$ мр] прокидатися, вставати
to walk [wo:k] йти, крокувати to walk the dog [wo:k ðə 'dpg] вигулювати собаку
wall [wo:1] стіна
to want ['wpnt tə] бажати, хотіти
wardrobe ['wo:drəvb] шафа для одягу
to wash [wDS] митися, мити
to watch [wDtS] оглядати, спостерігати
water ['wo:tə] вода
way [wer] шлях
He is on his way to ... [,hi:_ız_pn hız 'weı tə]
Він на шляху до
we [wi:] ми
wear [weә] мати на собі, носити
Wednesday ['wenzdeı] середа
week [wi:k] тиждень
weekend [,wi:k'end] вихідні
to welcome ['welkəm] вітати
You're welcome. [jvə 'welkəm] Будь ласка!, Не варто дякувати!
well [wel] так, отож, ну добре
west [west] захід
what [wbt] що ; який/яка/які
What about...? [wnt ə'bavt] Як щодо..? Що, коли..?
What's up? [,wots, ' $\wedge$ р] Що сталося?
What's your name? [wots jo 'nerm] Як тебе звуть?
when [wen] коли, коли ж
where [weә] де, куди
Where are you from? [.weər $ə ~ j ə ~ ' f r o m] ~$ Звідки ти?
Where's the fire? [,weəz ðә 'faıə] Де пожежа?
white [wait] білий
white elephant stall [,wart 'elifənt sto:l] лавка лахмітника
who [hu:] хто; кому, кого
why [wai] чому
wind [wind] вітер
window ['windәб] вікно
windy ['windi] вітряний
winter ['wintə] зима
with [wıð] 3
to be pleased with [bi: 'pli:zd wıð] бути задоволеним
without [wı'ðа⿱t] без
woman, women (pl) ['wvmən; 'wimın] жінка
Woof! [wvf] Гав!
word [wз:d] слово
work [ws:k] робота
to work [ws:k] працювати, функціонувати
worksheet [wз:kfi:t] робочий листок
to be worried [bi: 'warid] бути
стурбованим, стривоженим
to worry ['wnri] хвилюватися
to write [rait] писати
to write down ['rait davn] записувати
wrong [rpy] невірно; помилково

## Y

year [јı] рік, клас навчання
yellow ['jelə兀] жовтий
yes [jes] так
you [ju:] ти, тобі, тебе, вас, вам, ти, ви, Ви Here you are! [,hı ju: 'व:] будь ласка!
thank you ['Өæŋk ju:] дякую
you're lucky [jшə'lıki] тобi щастить
You're welcome. [jшə 'welkəm] будь ласка!, не варто дякувати!
young [jлŋ] молодий
your [jэ:] твій/твої, ваш/ваші, їх/їхні

## Навчальне видання

# Пахомова Тетяна Геннадіївна АНГЛІЙСЬКА МОВА 

(1-й рік навчання)

## Підручник для 5 класу закладів загальної середньої освіти (з аудіосупроводом)

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[^0]:    * Уроки Story не є обов’язковими

[^1]:    address fish

